Final Terms dated 4 April 2013

PERMANENT MASTER ISSUER PLC

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 5922774)

Mortgage Backed Note Programme

2013-1 Issue

Series	Class	Interest rate	Initial principal amount	Issue price	Scheduled redemption dates	Final Maturity date
1	1A	0.45% over 3 month sterling LIBOR	£1,250,000,000	100%	N/A	15 July 2042
1	1M	1.10% over 3 month sterling LIBOR	£500,000,000	100%	N/A	15 July 2042

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the conditions set forth in the base prospectus dated 28 March 2013 (the **Base Prospectus**) which constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of Directive 2003/71/EC (the **Prospectus Directive**). This document constitutes the final terms (the **Final Terms**) of the series (each a **Series**) and classes (each a **Class**) of notes (the **Notes**) of Permanent Master Issuer PLC (the **Master Issuer**) described herein for the purposes of Article 5(4) of the Prospectus Directive (together, the Notes or the **2013-1 Notes**) and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus. Full information on the Master Issuer (also referred to as the **issuing entity**) and the offer of the 2013-1 Notes the subject thereof is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus. The Base Prospectus is available for viewing at the offices of the Principal Paying Agent at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB and copies may be obtained from the registered office of the Master Issuer at 35 Great St. Helen's, London, EC3A 6AP.

Arranger for the programme





GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

		Class 1A Notes	Class 1M Notes				
(1)	Issuer of the Notes:	Permanent Master Issuer PLC	Permanent Master Issuer PLC				
(2)	Series and Class:	2013-1 Series 1 Class 1A	2013-1 Series 1 Class 1M				
(3)	Specified Currency or Currencies:	Sterling	Sterling				
(4)	Initial principal amount:	£1,250,000,000	£500,000,000				
(5)	(a) Issue price:	100% of the initial principal amount	100% of the initial principal amount				
	(b) Gross proceeds:	£1,250,000,000	£500,000,000				
(6)	Closing Date:	5th April 2013	5th April 2013				
(7)	Final Maturity Date:	Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042	Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042				
(8)	Specified Denominations:	£100,000 and integral multiples of £1,000 in excess thereof	£100,000 and integral multiples of £1,000 in excess thereof				
(9)	Interest basis:	Three-month Sterling LIBOR Floating Rate	Three-month Sterling LIBOR Floating Rate				
		(further particulars specified below)	(further particulars specified below)				
(10)	Change of interest basis:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable				
(11)	Redemption/payment basis:	Pass-through	Pass-through				
(12)	Change of redemption/payment basis:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable				
(13)	Call Option Date:	Applicable	Applicable				
		Interest Payment Date occurring in January 2016 and each subsequent Interest Payment Date thereafter	Interest Payment Date occurring in January 2016 and each subsequent Interest Payment Date thereafter				
(14)	Step-Up Date:	Interest Payment Date occurring in January 2016 (further particulars specified below)	Interest Payment Date occurring in January 2016 (further particulars specified below)				
(15)	Form of Notes:	Registered Notes: Reg S Global Note registered in the name of a nominee for a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg	Registered Notes: Reg S Global Note registered in the name of a nominee for a common depositary for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg				

(16)	Expected Ratings (Standard & Poor's/Moody's/Fitch):		AAA(sf)/Aaa(sf)/AAA(sf)	A(sf)/A2(sf)/A(sf)		
(17)	Post-enforcement call option/Limited recourse:					
	(a)	Condition 10.2 (Post-Enforcement Call Option):				
			Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
	(b)	Condition 10.3 (Limited Recourse):	Applicable	Applicable		
(18)	(a)	Listing and admission to trading:	Application has been made by the Master Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market and listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority.	Application has been made by the Master Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market and listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority.		
	(b)	Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading:	For all 2013-1 Notes, an aggregate a	mount of £12,450		
(19)	(a)	Status of the Notes:	Direct, secured and unconditional obligation of the Master Issuer.	Direct, secured and unconditional obligation of the Master Issuer.		
	(b)	Date of board approval for issuance of the Notes:	28 March 2013	28 March 2013		
PROV	ISIONS	RELATING TO INTER	REST (IF ANY) PAYABLE			
(20)	Interes Date:	st Commencement	5th April 2013	5th April 2013		
(21)	Fixed provis	Rate Note sions:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
(22)	Floati provis	ng Rate Note sions:	Applicable	Applicable		
	(a)	Interest Payment Dates:	15th January, 15th April, 15th July and 15th October in each year up to and including the Final Maturity Date). The first Interest Payment Date will be 15th July 2013.	15th January, 15th April, 15th July and 15th October in each year up to and including the Final Maturity Date). The first Interest Payment Date will be 15th July 2013.		

(b)	Busine Conve	ess Day ntion:	Following Convention	Business	Day	Following Convention	Business	Day		
(c)	Addition Busine Centre	ess	Not Applicable			Not Applicable	9			
(d)	the Ra	nt is to be	Screen Rate D	etermination	Screen Rate I	Determination				
(e)	for calc Rate o and In Amour Agent	nt (if not the	Not Applicable		Not Applicable					
(f)	Screer Detern	n Rate nination:	Applicable		Applicable					
	•	Reference Rate:	respect of the the linear in	sterling LIBOR first Interest P terpolation of four month st	Three month sterling LIBOR (or in respect of the first Interest Period, the linear interpolation of three month and four month sterling LIBOR)					
	Determinat ion Date(s):		First day of each Interest Period			First day of each Interest Period				
	•	Relevant Screen Page:	Reuters Mon Service at the LIBOR 01	nitor Money page designat			nitor Money page designat			
(g)	ISDA Detern	nination:	Not Applicable			Not Applicable	Э			
(h)	Margir	n(s):	+0.45% per an	inum		+1.10% per a	nnum			
(i)	Minimu Interes	um Rate of st:	Not Applicable		Not Applicable					
(j)	Maxim Interes	um Rate of st:	Not Applicable			Not Applicable				
(k)	Step-L	Jp Date:	Interest Paymo	ent Date occurr	ing in	Interest Paym January 2016	ent Date occurr	ing in		

	(I) Step-Up Margin(s):		+0.90% per annum	+2.20% per annum			
	(m)	Day Count Fraction:	Actual/365	Actual/365			
	(n) Fallback provisions, rounding provisions and any other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Floating Rate Notes if different from those set out in the Conditions:		Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(23)	Zero Coupon Note Provisions:		Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(24)	Other special provisions relating to Interest Payment Dates:		Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(25)	to be a Notes	s for future coupons attached to Definitive (and dates on which mature):	No	No			
PROV	ISIONS	RELATING TO REPA	YMENT				
(26)		s relating to bullet ption notes:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(27)		s relating to uled redemption	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(28)		s relating to pass- h notes:	Applicable	Applicable			
	(a)	Pass-through repayment dates:	To be redeemed in full or in part on each Interest Payment Date falling on or after the Interest Payment Date in January 2016	To be redeemed in full or in part on each Interest Payment Date falling on or after the Interest Payment Date on which all the 2013-1 Series 1 Class 1A Notes have been redeemed in full			

(29)Maturity Purchase Notes: Not Applicable Not Applicable (30)Redemption Amount: Condition 5.6 applies Condition 5.6 applies (31)Early redemption amount Not Applicable Not Applicable per Specified Denomination payable on redemption for taxation reasons or an event of default or other early redemption and/or method of calculating the same (if required or if different from that set out in the Conditions): (32)Redenomination, Redenomination not applicable Redenomination not applicable renominalisation and reconventioning provisions applicable: PROVISIONS RELATING TO MASTER ISSUER SWAPS (33)Master Issuer Swap Not Applicable Not Applicable Provider(s): (a) Specified Currency Not Applicable Not Applicable Exchange Rate (Sterling/specified currency) specified the Master in Issuer Swap Agreement relating to the Notes: (b) Specified Not Applicable Not Applicable fixed/floating interest rate exchange rate specified in the Master Issuer Swap Agreement relating to the Notes: (c) Specified interest Not Applicable Not Applicable rate exchange rate specified in the Master Issuer Swap Agreement relating to the Notes:

PROVISIONS RELATING TO SUBORDINATION/CREDIT ENHANCEMENT AT THE MASTER ISSUER **LEVEL**

	-						
(34)	to be a	g entity start-up loan advanced on the g Date:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(35)	princip issuing (include entity s advan	gate outstanding bal balance of all g entity start-up loans ling any issuing start-up loan to be ced on the Closing as at the Closing	£0	£0			
(36)	Issuing entity subordinated loan to be advanced on the Closing Date:		Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(37)	Aggregate outstanding principal balance of all issuing entity subordinated loans (including any issuing entity subordinated loans to be advanced on the Closing Date) as at the Closing Date:		£0	£0			
PROVI	ISIONS	RELATING TO SUBO	RDINATION/CREDIT ENHANCEMEN	IT AT THE FUNDING 2 LEVEL			
(38)	loan tr	red subordinated anche principal nt outstanding: ¹	£0	£0			
(39)	Aggregate outstanding principal balance of all subordinated loan tranches (including any subordinated loan tranches to be advanced on the Closing Date) as at the Closing Date:		£0	£0			
(40)		ng 2 reserve required nt as at the Closing	For all Notes issued by the N	Master Issuer, £405,000,000			
(41)	Funding 2 start-up loan to be advanced on the Closing Date:						
	(a)	Funding 2 start-up loan provider:	Bank of So	cotland plc			
	(b)	Initial outstanding principal balance:	£1,20	0,000			

 $^{^{1}}$ As set out in the base prospectus, this figure may be further adjusted in subsequent final terms or drawdown prospectuses. 2 As set out in the base prospectus, this figure may be further adjusted in subsequent final terms or drawdown prospectuses.

(c)	Interest rate:	Date falling in July 2013 the sterling deposits and LIBOR	interest to the Funding 2 Interest Payment linear interpolation of LIBOR for three month for four month sterling deposits plus a er annum and (b) thereafter three month per annum.
principa Funding (including start-up advance	ate outstanding al balance of all g 2 start-up loans ng any Funding 2 loans to be ed on the Closing s at the Closing		£644,222,352.20
_	g 2 Z Loan required as at the Closing		£2,548,000,000
_	g 2 Z loan to be ed on the Closing		Not Applicable
principa Funding (including loan to	ate outstanding al balance of all g 2 Z loans ng any Funding 2 Z be advanced on the Date) as at the Date:		£2,978,000,000
-	g 2 yield reserve d amount:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Funding	g 2 yield reserve	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

(46)	Funding 2 yield reserve	
	required amount:	

(47)Funding 2 yield reserve reduction amount:

(42)

(43)

(44)

(45)

(48)Funding 2 yield reserve reduction date:

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

(49)Funding 2 Yield Reserve Notes to be issued on the Closing Date:

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

PROVISIONS RELATING TO SELLING RESTRICTIONS AND US TAX

(50)Whether TEFRA D or TEFRA C rules applicable or TEFRA rules not applicable:

TEFRA not applicable

TEFRA not applicable

(51) Additional selling restrictions:

Reg S Notes only

Reg S Notes only

³ As set out in the base prospectus, this figure may be further adjusted in subsequent final terms or drawdown prospectuses.

(52)U.S. tax treatment: Not Applicable (These Notes are Not Applicable (These Notes are not being offered or sold in the not being offered or sold in the **United States**) **United States**) (53)ERISA eligible: Not Applicable (The Notes are not Not Applicable (The Notes are not being offered or sold in the United being offered or sold in the United States) States) **OPERATIONAL INFORMATION** Not Applicable Not Applicable (54)Any clearing system(s) other than DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg and the relevant identification numbers: (55)Delivery: Delivery free of payment Delivery free of payment (56)Name and address of initial Citibank, N.A Citibank, N.A Paying Agent: Citigroup Centre Citigroup Centre Canada Square Canada Square Canary Wharf Canary Wharf London E14 5LB London E14 5LB Names and addresses of (57)Not Applicable Not Applicable additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): (58)ISIN: XS0909782764 XS0909783143 090978314 (59)Common Code: 090978276

LOAN TRANCHE INFORMATION

CUSIP:

(60)

On the Closing Date for the Notes, the Master Issuer will, pursuant to the terms of the master intercompany loan agreement advance to Funding 2 an aggregate amount in sterling equal to the proceeds of the issue of the Notes.

Not Applicable

The advance will be made up of separate loan tranches, each tranche will be funded by a separate Class or sub-Class of the Notes and will be identified by reference to that Class or sub-Class of the Notes.

Not Applicable

(61)	Borrower:	Permanent Funding (No. 2) Limited	Permanent Funding (No. 2) Limited
(62)	The rated loan tranche(s) are as follows:	Series 1 Class 1A AAA Loan Tranche	Series 1 Class 1M A Loan Tranche
(63)	Designated rated loan tranche rating:	AAA Loan Tranche	A Loan Tranche

(64)	Designation of rated loan tranche:		Pass-through Loan Tranche	Pass-through Loan Tranche			
(65)	Initial p	orincipal amount:	£1,250,000,000	£500,000,000			
(66)	Closin	g Date:	5th April 2013	5th April 2013			
(67)	Interes date:	st commencement	5th April 2013	5th April 2013			
(68)		loan tranche ent dates:	The pass-through loan tranche repayment dates	The pass-through loan tranche repayment dates			
(69)	Rated	loan tranche rate:	Sum of (a), (b) and (c):	Sum of (a), (b) and (c):			
	(a)	Reuters Screen Page LIBOR01:	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as LIBOR 01	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as LIBOR 01			
	(b)	Rated loan tranche rate margin:	+0.45%	+1.10%			
	(c) Funding 2 yield reserve primary revenue margin:		Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(70)	Step-Up Date (if any):		The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date occurring in January 2016	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date occurring in January 2016			
(71)	Steppe rate:	ed-up loan tranche	+0.90% per annum	+2.20% per annum			
(72)		s relating to bullet anches:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(73)	schedu	s relating to uled amortisation anches:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
(74)		s relating to pass- h loan tranches:	Applicable	Applicable			
	(a)	Pass-through loan tranche repayment dates:	Pass-through Loan Tranches will be due and payable from, and including, the Funding 2 Interest Payment Date occurring on January 2016	Pass-through Loan Tranches will be due and payable from, and including, the Funding 2 Interest Payment Date occurring on and after repayment in full of the Series 1 Class 1A AAA Loan Tranche			
	(b)	Final repayment date:	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042			

(75) Details relating to subordinated loan tranches:

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

OTHER INFORMATION

Interests of natural and legal persons involved in the issue:

Save as discussed in these Final Terms, so far as the issuing entity is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer.

INFORMATION RELATING TO OTHER NOTES ISSUED BY THE MASTER ISSUER AS AT THE CLOSING DATE AND CORRESPONDING LOAN TRANCHES ADVANCED TO FUNDING 2

As of the Closing Date, the aggregate principal amount outstanding of all notes issued by the issuing entity (converted, where applicable, into sterling at the applicable specified currency exchange rate), including the issue of the 2013-1 Notes described herein, will be as follows:

£17,922,215,582

As of the Closing Date, the aggregate outstanding principal balance of rated loan tranches advanced by the issuing entity to Funding 2 under the master intercompany loan agreement, including the rated loan tranches described herein, will be as follows:

£17,922,215,582

INFORMATION RELATING TO NOTES ISSUED BY FUNDING 1 ISSUING ENTITIES AS AT THE CLOSING DATE AND CORRESPONDING TERM ADVANCES MADE TO FUNDING 1 ISSUING ENTITIES

As of the Closing Date, the aggregate principal amount outstanding of notes previously issued by the Funding 1 issuing entities (converted, where applicable, into sterling at the applicable currency exchange rate), will be as follows:

£0

As of the Closing Date, the aggregate outstanding balance of the term advances previously made by the Funding 1 issuing entities to Funding 1 will be as follows:

£0

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE MORTGAGES TRUST AND THE PORTFOLIO

Material information with respect to the loans expected to be in the mortgages trust at the Closing Date is set out in "Statistical information on the portfolio" below.

In addition:

- the minimum seller share will be approximately £2,850,000,000;
- the Funding 1 share will be £0, representing 0 per cent. of the trust property;
- the Funding 2 share will be approximately £18,550,000,000, representing approximately 69.2 per cent. of the trust property; and
- the seller share will be approximately £8,242,000,000, representing approximately 30.8 per cent. of the trust property.

The actual amounts of the Funding 2 share and the seller share of the trust property as at the Closing Date will not be determined until the Closing Date, which will be after the date of these Final Terms.

For the purposes of paragraph (d) of the definition of **non-asset trigger event**, the aggregate outstanding balance of loans comprising the trust property need not be more than £0 (the **minimum trust size**). See "**The mortgages trust – Cash management of trust property – distribution of principal receipts to Funding 2**" in the base prospectus.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE MORTGAGE SALE AGREEMENT AND THE PORTFOLIO AS AT THE CLOSING DATE

For the purposes of clause 4.2 of the mortgage sale agreement, the Minimum Trust Property Yield Margin means 1.50%.

For the purposes of paragraph (c) of the definition of **product switch** (See "**Sale of the loans and their related security – Product switches**" in the base prospectus) any variation to the maturity date of a loan must not extend beyond 30 June 2040 while any rated loan tranche under the master intercompany loan is outstanding.

For the purposes of the representations and warranties of the seller under the mortgage sale agreement:

- (a) each loan in the portfolio was made no earlier than 1 February 1996 and no later than 28 February 2013; and
- (b) the final maturity date of each loan in the portfolio is no later than 30 June 2040.

Fitch Portfolio Test Values

For the purposes of the Fitch portfolio tests (See "Sale of the loans and their related security – Sale of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee on the sale dates" in the base prospectus):

- the margin by which the original weighted average LTV ratio may exceed that at the Closing Date shall be 2 per cent.⁴;
- (b) the percentage limit that the outstanding principal balance of any loans in the portfolio with an original weighted average LTV ratio in excess of 80 per cent. represents of the outstanding principal balance of the loans in the portfolio shall be 40 per cent.⁵;
- (c) the margin by which the current weighted average LTV ratio may exceed that at the Closing Date shall be 2 per cent.⁶;
- (d) the margin by which the weighted average debt to income multiple may exceed that at the Closing Date shall be 0.35⁷; and
- (e) the percentage limit that the outstanding principal balance of any loans in the portfolio with an interest only part represents of the outstanding principal balance of the loans in the portfolio shall be 50 per cent.

⁴ As set out in the base prospectus, this figure may be further adjusted in subsequent final terms or drawdown prospectuses.

⁵ As set out in the base prospectus, this figure may be further adjusted in subsequent final terms or drawdown prospectuses.

⁶ As set out in the base prospectus, this figure may be further adjusted in subsequent final terms or drawdown prospectuses.

⁷ As set out in the base prospectus, this figure may be further adjusted in subsequent final terms or drawdown prospectuses.

Use of proceeds

The gross proceeds from the issue of the 2013-1 Notes equal approximately £1,750,000,000 and (after exchanging, where applicable, the proceeds of the 2013-1 Notes for sterling, calculated by reference to the applicable specified currency exchange rate) will be used by the issuing entity to make available rated loan tranches to Funding 2 pursuant to the terms of the master intercompany loan agreement. Funding 2 will use the gross proceeds of each rated loan tranche to pay the purchase price to the seller for the sale of part of its share in the trust property to Funding 2 on the Closing Date.

Maturity and prepayment considerations

The average lives of any series and class of the 2013-1 Notes cannot be stated, as the actual rate of repayment of the loans and redemption of the mortgages and a number of other relevant factors are unknown. However, calculations of the possible average lives of each series and class of the 2013-1 Notes can be made based on certain assumptions. The assumptions used to calculate the possible average lives of each series and class of the 2013-1 Notes in the following table include that:

- (1) neither the issuing entity security nor the Funding 2 security has been enforced;
- (2) the seller is not in breach of the terms of the mortgage sale agreement;
- (3) the seller sells no new loans to the mortgages trustee after the Closing Date and the loans are assumed to amortise in accordance with the assumed constant payment rate indicated in the table below;
- (4) neither an asset trigger event nor a non-asset trigger event occurs;
- (5) no event occurs that would cause payments on scheduled amortisation loan tranches or passthrough loan tranches to be deferred (unless such advances are deferred in accordance with Rule (1) (C) or Rule (1) (D) as set out in "Cashflows – Distribution of Funding 2 available principal receipts - Rule (1) – Repayment deferrals" in the base prospectus);
- (6) the annualised CPR as at the Closing Date is assumed to be the same as the various assumed rates in the table below;
- (7) there is a balance of £0 in the Funding 2 cash accumulation ledger at the Closing Date and a balance of £0 in the Funding 1 cash accumulation ledger at the Closing Date;
- (8) the issuing entity exercises its option to redeem the 2013-1 Notes on the Step-Up Date, relating to the 2013-1 Notes; and
- (9) the Closing Date is 5 April 2013.

CPR and possible average lives of each series and class of issue 2013-1 Notes (in years)

Based upon the foregoing assumptions, the approximate average life in years of each series and class of issue 2013-1 Notes, at various assumed rates of repayment of the loans, would be as follows:

Constant payment rate ⁽¹⁾ (per annum)	series 1 class 1A Notes	series 1 class 1M Notes
5 per cent	2.78	2.78
10 per cent	2.78	2.78
15 per cent	2.78	2.78
20 per cent	2.78	2.78
25 per cent	2.78	2.78
30 per cent	2.78	2.78
35 per cent	2.78	2.78

⁽¹⁾ Includes both scheduled and unscheduled payments.

Assumptions (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (8) and (9) relate to circumstances which are not predictable. No assurance can be given that the issuing entity will be in a position to redeem the 2013-1 Notes on the Step-Up Date. If the issuing entity does not so exercise its option to redeem, then the average lives of the then outstanding 2013-1 Notes would be extended.

The average lives of the 2013-1 Notes are subject to factors largely outside the control of the issuing entity and consequently no assurance can be given that these assumptions and estimates will prove in any way to be realistic and they must therefore be viewed with considerable caution. For more information in relation to the risks involved in the use of these estimated average lives, see "Risk factors – The yield to maturity of

your notes prospectus.	may	be	adversely	affected	by	prepayments	or	redemptions	on	the	loans"	in	the	base

Statistical information on the portfolio

The cut-off date mortgage portfolio

For the purposes of this section entitled "Statistical information on the portfolio", all references to "portfolio", unless the context otherwise requires, include the loans and their related security currently comprising the mortgages trust.

The statistical and other information contained in these Final Terms has been compiled by reference to the loans in the portfolio as at the cut-off date that, subject as provided, are expected to indirectly secure the 2013-1 Notes and all other notes of the issuing entity as at 14 December 2012 (the cut-off date). Columns stating percentage amounts may not add up to 100% due to rounding. A loan will be removed from any new portfolio (which comprises a portion of the portfolio as at the cut-off date) if, in the period up to (and including) the assignment date relating to such new portfolio, the loan is repaid in full or if the loan does not comply with the terms of the mortgage sale agreement on or about the applicable assignment date. Once such loans are removed, the seller will then randomly select from the loans remaining in the new portfolio those loans to be assigned on the applicable assignment date once the determination has been made as to the anticipated principal balances of the notes to be issued and the corresponding size of the trust that would be required ultimately to support payments on the notes and all other notes of the issuing entity and the Funding 1 issuing entities. The loans in the mortgages trust are selected on the basis of the seller's selection criteria for inclusion in the mortgages trust. The material aspects of the seller's lending criteria are described under "The loans -Underwriting -- and "The loans - Lending criteria" in the base prospectus. Standardised credit scoring is not used in the UK mortgage market. For an indication of the credit quality of borrowers in respect of the loans, investors may refer to such lending criteria and to the historical performance of the loans in the mortgages trust as set forth in these Final Terms. One significant indicator of obligor credit quality is arrears and losses. The information presented under "Delinquency and loss experience of the portfolio (including loans which and only whilst they previously formed part of the portfolio)" on page 23 in these Final Terms reflects the arrears and repossession experience for loans in the expected portfolio as at the cut-off date, including loans that were contained in the portfolio since the inception of the mortgages trust. All of the loans in the table were originated by Halifax or by Bank of Scotland under the "Halifax" brand (the Halifax loans), but not all of the loans form part of the portfolio. It is not expected that the characteristics of the portfolio as at the Closing Date will differ materially from the characteristics of the portfolio as at the cut-off date. These tables have been prepared using the current balance as at the cut-off date, which includes all principal and accrued interest for the loans in the portfolio.

The expected portfolio as at the cut-off date consisted of 353,776 mortgage accounts, comprising loans originated by Halifax or by Bank of Scotland under the "Halifax" brand and secured over properties located in England, Wales and Scotland and having an aggregate outstanding principal balance of £27,908,233,704.99 as at that date. The loans in the expected portfolio as at the cut-off date were originated between 1 February 1996 and 31 October 2010.

As at 1 March 2013, HVR 1 was 3.99% per annum, HVR 2 was 3.89% per annum, HHVR was 3.99% per annum and the Halifax flexible variable rate was 3.89% per annum.

Approximately 1.87% of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the loans in the portfolio as at the cut-off date were extended to the relevant borrowers in connection with the purchase by those borrowers of properties from local authorities or certain other landlords under the **right-to-buy** schemes governed by the Housing Act 1985 (as amended by the Housing Act 2004 and the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010) or (as applicable) the Housing (Scotland) Act 1987 (as amended by the Housing (Scotland) Act 2001).

Outstanding balances as at the cut-off date

The following table shows the range of outstanding mortgage account balances (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date.

	Aggregate			
	outstanding balance		Number of	
Range of outstanding balances	as at the cut-off date		mortgage	
as at the cut-off date*	(£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
£0 - <£25,000	926,217,018.04	3.32%	74,590	21.08%
£25,000 - <£50,000	2,655,568,611.17	9.52%	71,687	20.26%
£50,000 - <£75,000	3,729,241,432.76	13.36%	60,091	16.99%
£75,000 - <£100,000	4,052,136,077.73	14.52%	46,657	13.19%
£100,000 - <£125,000	3,692,439,912.69	13.23%	33,050	9.34%
£125,000 - <£150,000	3,115,327,727.62	11.16%	22,779	6.44%
£150,000 - <£175,000	2,396,099,898.27	8.59%	14,844	4.20%
£175,000 - <£200,000	1,798,223,861.98	6.44%	9,639	2.72%
£200,000 - <£225,000	1,332,967,270.32	4.78%	6,304	1.78%
£225,000 - <£250,000	967,667,775.23	3.47%	4,089	1.16%
£250,000 - <£275,000	719,857,801.59	2.58%	2,755	0.78%
£275,000 - <£300,000	567,149,834.09	2.03%	1,977	0.56%
£300,000 - <£350,000	779,064,114.45	2.79%	2,422	0.68%
£350,000 - <£400,000	533,870,166.52	1.91%	1,434	0.41%
£400,000 - <£450,000	394,281,510.54	1.41%	932	0.26%
£450,000 - <£500,000	248,120,692.00	0.89%	526	0.15%
>=£500,000		0.00%		0.00%
Total	£ 27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

Including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees.

The largest mortgage account (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) had an outstanding current balance as at the cut-off date of £499,682.87 and the smallest mortgage account had an outstanding current balance as at the cut-off date of £0.01. The weighted average current balance (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date was £138,627.57.

LTV ratios at origination

The following table shows the range of LTV ratios, which express the outstanding balance of the aggregate of loans in a mortgage account (excluding capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the date of the initial loan origination divided by the value of the property securing the loans in that mortgage account at the same date. The seller has not revalued any of the mortgaged properties since the date of the origination of the related loan other than where an additional lending or certain product transfer has been applied for or granted on an account since origination, in which case the original valuation may have been updated with a more recent valuation. Where this is the case, this revised valuation has been used in formulating this data.

Range of LTV Ratios at	Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off		Number of mortgage	
origination*	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
0% – <25%	503,944,140.18	1.81%	20,443	5.78%
25% – <50%	3,246,326,166.88	11.63%	70,122	19.82%
50% – <75%	9,904,322,138.18	35.49%	119,311	33.73%
75% – <80%	2,974,979,265.26	10.66%	28,055	7.93%
80% – <85%	2,287,393,259.25	8.20%	22,231	6.28%
85% – <90%	3,276,293,363.50	11.74%	30,799	8.71%
90% – <95%	3,585,166,492.64	12.85%	35,730	10.10%
95% - <=97%	1,464,413,842.18	5.25%	18,379	5.20%
>97%	665,395,036.92	2.38%	8.706	2.46%

	Aggregate outstanding		Number of	
Range of LTV Ratios at	balance as at the cut-off		mortgage	
origination*	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

^{*} Excluding capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees.

The weighted average LTV ratio of the mortgage accounts (excluding any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) at origination was 72.26%. The highest LTV ratio of any mortgage account (excluding any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) at origination was 97.00% and the lowest was 0.12%.

Cut-off date LTV ratios

The following table shows the range of LTV ratios, which express the outstanding balance of the aggregate of loans in a mortgage account (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date divided by the indexed valuation of the property securing the loans in that mortgage account at the same date.

	Aggregate outstanding		Number of	
Range of LTV Ratios as at	balance at the cut-off date		mortgage	
the cut-off date*	(£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
0% – <25%	2,125,451,081.51	7.62%	94,687	26.76%
25% – <50%	5,816,136,993.07	20.84%	93,510	26.43%
50% – <75%	8,961,741,312.41	32.11%	82,005	23.18%
75% – <80%	2,185,021,236.23	7.83%	17,185	4.86%
80% – <85%	2,208,610,326.15	7.91%	17,118	4.84%
85% – <90%	2,086,424,755.53	7.48%	15,958	4.51%
90% – <95%	1,616,157,561.89	5.79%	12,399	3.50%
95% – <100%	1,177,007,332.87	4.22%	8,558	2.42%
100% – <105%	822,697,058.81	2.95%	5,805	1.64%
105% – <110%	466,440,951.24	1.67%	3,339	0.94%
110% – <115%	262,119,271.11	0.94%	1,888	0.53%
115% – <120%	121,207,109.78	0.43%	872	0.25%
120% – <125%	39,213,476.03	0.14%	301	0.09%
>=125%	20,005,238.35	0.07%	151	0.04%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

^{*} Including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees.

The weighted average LTV ratio of the mortgage accounts (including any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date was 64.94%. The highest LTV ratio of any mortgage account (including any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) was 149.79% and the lowest was 0%.

Geographical distribution

The following table shows the distribution of properties securing the loans throughout England, Wales and Scotland as at the cut-off date. No such properties are situated outside England, Wales or Scotland. The seller's lending criteria and current credit scoring tests do not take into account the geographical location of the property securing a loan.

	Aggregate outstanding		Number of	
	balance at the cut-off		mortgage	
Regions	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total

	Aggregate outstanding balance at the cut-off		Number of	
Regions	date (£)	% of total	mortgage accounts	% of total
East Midlands	1,734,807,690.11	6.22%	25,673	7.26%
East of England	2,685,468,307.41	9.62%	29,241	8.27%
London	4,854,580,141.71	17.39%	38,159	10.79%
North East	1,069,395,124.77	3.83%	18,697	5.28%
North West	2,647,673,716.35	9.49%	42,464	12.00%
Scotland	2,783,212,351.21	9.97%	44,262	12.51%
South East	4,325,786.663.03	15.50%	41,490	11.73%
South West	2,019,065,381.66	7.23%	24,235	6.85%
Wales	974,533,809.30	3.49%	15,472	4.37%
West Midlands	2,298,798,889.11	8.24%	32,694	9.24%
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,504,478,559.61	8.97%	41,266	11.66%
Unknown*	10,433,070.73	0.04%	123	0.03%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

^{*} Where the postal code for the relevant property has not yet been allocated or is not shown in the seller's records.

Seasoning of loans

The following table shows the number of months since the date of origination of the initial loan in a mortgage account as at the cut-off date.

And of loons in months as at	Aggregate outstanding		Number of	
Age of loans in months as at the cut-off date	balance at the cut-off date (£)	% of total	mortgage accounts	% of total
0 to <6	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
6 to <12	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
12 to <18	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
18 to <24	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
24 to <30	520,612,144.12	1.87%	5,127	1.45%
30 to <36	679,674,910.49	2.44%	6,755	1.91%
36 to <42	1,248,199,449.02	4.47%	12,875	3.64%
42 to <48	1,385,934,798.58	4.97%	13,311	3.76%
48 to <54	3,003,888,387.26	10.76%	25,090	7.09%
54 to <60	878,058,761.90	3.15%	6,590	1.86%
60 to <72	5,271,731,914.11	18.89%	43,907	12.41%
72 to <84	3,444,993,738.98	12.34%	37,104	10.49%
84 to <96	2,722,331,501.35	9.75%	33,497	9.47%
96 to <108	3,094,496,810.39	11.09%	42,387	11.98%
108 to <120	2,119,361,254.96	7.59%	33,758	9.54%
>=120	3,538,950,033.84	12.68%	93,375	26.39%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

The maximum, minimum and weighted average seasoning of loans as at the cut-off date is 201.92, 25.53 and 81.92 months, respectively.

Years to maturity of loans

The following table shows the number of remaining years of the term of the initial loan in a mortgage account as at the cut-off date.

	Aggregate outstanding		Number of	
Years to maturity	balance at the cut-off	% of total	mortgage	% of total

<u> </u>	date (£)	_	accounts	
<5	1,621,315,507.31	5.81%	48,346	13.67%
5 to <10	3,405,133,867.54	12.20%	63,702	18.01%
10 to <15	6,121,319,054.43	21.93%	84,718	23.95%
15 to <20	10,388,451,767.37	37.22%	99,628	28.16%
20 to <25	5,146,036,004.52	18.44%	45,442	12.84%
25 to <30	1,225,977,503.82	4.39%	11,940	3.38%
>=30	<u> </u>	0.00%	<u> </u>	0.00%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

The maximum, minimum and weighted average remaining term of the loans as at the cut-off date was 27.58, 15.64 and 0 years, respectively.

Purpose of loan

The following table shows whether the purpose of the initial loan in a mortgage account on origination was to finance the purchase of a new property or to remortgage a property already owned by the borrower.

	Aggregate outstanding balance		Number of mortgage	
Use of proceeds	at the cut-off date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
Purchase	17,700,851,270.41	63.43%	234,271	66.22%
Remortgage	10,207,382,434.58	36.57%	119,505	33.78%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

As at the cut-off date, the weighted average balance of loans used to finance the purchase of a new property was £131,807.60 and the weighted average balance of loans used to remortgage a property already owned by the borrower was £150,454.24.

Property type

The following table shows the types of properties to which the mortgage accounts relate.

	Aggregate outstanding		Number of	
	balance at the cut-off		mortgage	
Property type	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
Detached house	4,625,929,986.44	16.58%	32,984	9.32%
Semi-detached house	5,479,523,642.08	19.63%	56,955	16.10%
Terraced house	5,482,634,471.99	19.65%	60,202	17.02%
House – detachment type	44,077,856.68	0.16%	397	0.11%
unknown ¹				
Flat or maisonette	3,270,312,456.36	11.72%	32,852	9.29%
Bungalow	952,266,367.52	3.41%	10,287	2.91%
Unknown ²	8,053,488,923.92	28.86%	160,099	45.25%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%
	Aggregate outstanding		Number of	
Detachment type of	balance at the cut-off		mortgage	
Unknown property type	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
Detached	2,306,491,900.35	8.26%	36,337	10.27%
Semi-detached	2,600,862,810.37	9.32%	56,646	16.01%
Terraced	2,482,322,610.00	8.89%	54,541	15.42%
Other ³	663,811,603.20	2.38%	12,575	3.55%
Total Unknown	8,053,488,923.92	28.86%	160,099	45.25%

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- 1 Where the detachment type of the house is not shown in the seller's records.
- Where the property type is not shown in the seller's records.
- 3 Primarily flats or maisonettes.

As at the cut-off date, the weighted average balance of loans secured by detached houses, semi-detached houses, terraced houses and flats was £203,659.01, £138,060.62, £130,835.06 and £148,271.70, respectively.

Origination channel

The following table shows the origination channel for the initial loan in a mortgage account.

	Aggregate outstanding balance		Number of mortgage	
Origination channel	at the cut-off date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
Direct	11,189,603,407.36	40.09%	173,304	48.99%
Intermediary / Other	16,718,630,297.62	59.91%	180,472	51.01%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

The direct origination includes former Halifax estate agency branches, direct internet applications and telephone sales.

As at the cut-off date, the weighted average balance of loans originated through direct origination and intermediaries and other channels was £113,537.58 and £155,420.04, respectively.

Repayment terms

The following table shows the repayment terms for the loans in the mortgage accounts as at the cut-off date. Where any loan in a mortgage account is interest-only, then that entire mortgage account is classified as interest-only.

	Aggregate outstanding balance at the cut-off		Number of mortgage	
Repayment terms	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
Repayment	15,290,893,738.80	54.79%	240,880	68.09%
Interest Only	12,617,339,966.18	45.21%	112,896	31.91%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

As at the cut-off date, the weighted average balance of repayment loans and interest-only loans was £105,589.20 and £178,666.61, respectively.

Payment methods

The following table shows the payment methods for the mortgage accounts as at the cut-off date.

Payment method	Aggregate outstanding balance at the cut-off date (£)	% of total	Number of mortgage accounts	% of total
rayment memou	at the cut-on date (£)	/6 OI total	accounts	/6 OI (Otal
Direct debit	25,528,267,157.29	91.47%	320,073	90.47%
Other	2,379,966,547.70	8.53%	33,703	9.53%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%

^{*} External standing orders, internal standing orders and payments made over the counter at a branch.

The following three tables have been calculated on the basis of the type of loan applicable to each mortgage account's primary product holding. In addition to the primary product holding, a mortgage account may have other active product holdings, which may or may not be of the same type as the primary product holding.

Distribution of types of loans

The following table shows the distribution of types of loans as at the cut-off date.

Type of loan	Aggregate outstanding balance at the cut-off date(£)	% of total	Number of mortgage accounts	% of total
Added variable rate loans	91,632,493.15	0.33%	818	0.23%
Discounted variable rate loans	88,614,621.04	0.32%	794	0.22%
Fixed rate loans	6,379,763,581.34	22.86%	79,017	22.34%
Tracker rate loans	2,928,574,433.82	10.49%	41,254	11.66%
Standard variable rate loans	18,419,648,575.64	66.00%	231,893	65.55%
Total	27,908,233,704.99	100.00%	353,776	100.00%
Of which Flexible loans	154,713,443.88	0.55%	1,589	0.45%

Distribution of fixed rate loans

The following tables show the distribution of fixed rate loans by their fixed rate of interest as at such date and the year in which the loans cease to bear a fixed rate of interest and instead bear a floating rate of interest.

Fixed rate loans remain at the relevant fixed rate for a period of time as specified in the offer conditions, after which they move to a variable base rate or some other rate as specified in the offer conditions.

	Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off		Number of mortgage	
Fixed rate %	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
0 – <4.00	2,183,145,347.72	34.22%	28,589	36.18%
4.00 - < 5.00	1,512,895,642.28	23.71%	17,497	22.14%
5.00 – <6.00	1,621,872,195.86	25.42%	19,882	25.16%
6.00 – <7.00	913,082,786.92	14.31%	11,545	14.61%
>=7.00	148,767,608.57	2.33%	1,504	1.90%
Total	6,379,763,581.34	100.00%	79,017	100.00%

Year in which current fixed	Aggregate outstanding balance at the cut-off		Number of mortgage	
rate period ends	date (£)	% of total	accounts	% of total
2012	79,062,873.50	1.24%	767	0.97%
2013	1,742,877,746.43	27.32%	18,420	23.31%
2014	3,236,885,380.14	50.74%	36,382	46.04%
2015	513,092,022.02	8.04%	7,385	9.35%
2016	248,041,723.02	3.89%	3,698	4.68%
2017	338,877,612.75	5.31%	4,709	5.96%
2018	164,729,859.80	2.58%	2,179	2.76%
>=2019	56,196,363.67	0.88%	5,477	6.93%
Total	6,379,763,581.34	100.00%	79,017	100.00%

Payment rate analysis

The following table shows the annualised payment rate for the most recent one-month, three-month and 12-month period for the mortgage accounts in the portfolio.

As of month-end	one-month annualised	three-month annualised	12-month annualised
February 2013	14.40%	14.12%	16.25%

In the table above,

- one-month annualised CPR is calculated as 1 ((1 R) ^ 12),
- three-month annualised CPR is calculated as the average of the one-month annualised CPR for the most recent three months, and
- 12-month annualised CPR is calculated as the average of the one-month annualised CPR for the most recent 12 months,

where in each case R is (i) total principal receipts received plus the principal balance of loans repurchased by the seller (primarily due to further advances) during the relevant period, divided by (ii) the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the loans in the portfolio as at the start of that period.

Delinquency and loss experience of the portfolio (including loans which and only whilst they previously formed part of the portfolio)

Since the establishment of the mortgages trust, total cumulative losses incurred on loans whilst the loan formed part of the portfolio were £116,454,008.49 as at 28 February 2013.

The following table summarises loans in arrears and repossession experience for loans in the portfolio (including loans which and only whilst they previously formed part of the portfolio) as at the cut-off date. The seller will represent and warrant on the Closing Date that no loan to be transferred to the mortgages trust on the Closing Date will have experienced any arrears in the prior 12 months. All of the loans in the table were originated by Halifax or by Bank of Scotland under the "Halifax" brand. Bank of Scotland services all of the Halifax loans.

Bank of Scotland identifies a loan as being in arrears where an amount equal to or greater than a full month's contractual payment is past its due date. Bank of Scotland does not define a loan as defaulted at any particular delinquency level, but rather at the time it takes the related property into possession. Bank of Scotland does not write off a loan as uncollectible until it disposes of the property relating to that loan following default.

Delinquency and loss experience on loans in the portfolio as at the date shown

	31 Jan 2009	31 Jan 2010	31 Jan 2011	31 Jan 2012	31 Jan 2013
Outstanding balance (£)	44,999,279,553.74	42,970,633,558.01	39,012,829,842.49	32,872,218,167.99	27,496,049,173.11
Number of loans outstanding	532,036	508,226	467,298	406,937	349,962
Outstanding balance of loans in					
arrears (£)					
1 – <2 months	546,074,096.01	488,640,658.16	498,868,750.51	392,678,727.08	455,608,148.49
2 – <3 months	230,580,157.35	197,385,684.74	212,793,251.58	195,876,317.22	219,157,247.83
3 – <6 months	323,589,029.60	296,546,648.58	344,757,983.24	350,402,209.26	380,755,626.34
6 -<12 months	237,973,668.05	260,469,450.96	254,520,548.20	266,776,475.52	318,932,185.97
12+ months	97,211,059.55	151,721,522.67	168,424,680.95	155,798,489.68	166,505,053.02
Total outstanding balance of	1,435,428,010.56	1,394,763,965.11	1,479,365,214.48	1,361,532,218.76	1,540,958261.65
loans in arrears					
Total outstanding balance of	3.19%	3.25%	3.79%	4.14%	5.60%
loans in arrears as % of the					
outstanding balance					
Outstanding balance of loans	54,268,966.80	34,621,127.26	28,162,007.73	29,989,251.44	24,735,568.01
relating to properties in					
Possession					
Outstanding balance of loans	115,919,921.24	144,095,606.05	86,264,900.25	73,791,072.20	82,014,596.51
relating to properties sold during					
the period ⁽¹⁾					
Net loss on sales of all	23,429,456.02	31,171,538.40	17,416,577.06	15,797,482.61	17,694,433.57
repossessed properties ⁽²⁾		_			
Ratio of aggregate net losses to	0.052	0.073	0.045	0.048	0.064
aggregate outstanding Balance of					
loans					
Average net loss on all properties	27,531.68	29,214.19	24,987.92	25,479.81	26,973.22
sold					
Number of loans outstanding in arrears					
1 – <2 months	5,394	4,785	4,934	3,972	4,477
2 – <3 months	2,271	1,942	2,057	1,901	2,158
3 – <6 months	3,088	2,876	3,269	3,318	3,622
6 – <12 months	2,241	2,401	2,393	2,523	2,922
12+ months	873	1,340	1,520	1,480	1,588
Total number of loans outstanding	13,867	13,344	14,173	13,194	14,767
in arrears	. 0,001	.0,011	, o		,
Total number of loans outstanding	2.606	2.626	3.033	3.242	4.220
in arrears as % of the number of					
loans Outstanding					
Number of properties in	415	297	247	282	209
Possession					
Number of properties sold during	851	1,067	697	620	656
the period					

⁽¹⁾ (2) Properties sold may relate to properties taken into possession in prior periods.

There can be no assurance that the arrears experience with respect to the loans comprising the portfolio in the future will correspond to the experience of the portfolio as set forth in the foregoing table. If the

Net loss is net of recoveries in the current period on properties sold in prior periods.

property market experiences a further decline in property values so that the value of the properties in the portfolio falls or (in the case of properties which are currently below the principal balance of the relevant loan) remains, below the principal balances of the loans, the actual rates of arrears and losses could be significantly higher than those previously experienced, as borrowers may no longer be able to refinance their loans or sell their properties and move to more affordable properties. In addition, other adverse economic conditions, whether or not they affect property values, may nonetheless affect the timely payment by borrowers of principal and interest and, accordingly, the rates of arrears and losses with respect to the loans in the portfolio. Noteholders should observe that the United Kingdom experienced relatively low and stable interest rates during the periods covered in the preceding table. If interest rates were to rise, it is likely that the rate of arrears would rise.

In the late 1980s house prices rose substantially faster than inflation as housing turnover increased to record levels. This was at a time when the economy grew rapidly, which led to falling unemployment and relatively high rates of real income growth. These fed into higher demand for housing, and house prices rose rapidly. Demand was further increased by changes in taxation legislation with regard to tax relief on mortgage payments in 1988. When monetary policy was subsequently tightened (in terms of both "locking in" sterling to the European Exchange Rate Mechanism and higher interest rates), the pace of economic activity first slowed and then turned into recession. Rising unemployment combined with high interest rates led to a fall in housing demand and increased default rates and repossessions. The ability of borrowers to refinance was limited as house prices began to fall and many were in a position of negative equity (borrowings greater than the resale value of the property) in relation to their mortgages.

The level of mortgage arrears on the Halifax loans reduced following the recession in the United Kingdom in the early nineties. The introduction of the scorecard in judging applications – and thus reducing discretion helped to keep the arrears level low, as did a healthy economic climate and low interest rates.

House price inflation has indirectly contributed to the improved arrears situation by enabling borrowers to sell at a profit if they encounter financial hardship.

The dislocation of financial markets in 2007 led to supply issues in the housing finance market while falling house prices and consumer confidence reduced demand for property. This has resulted in some borrowers being unable to sell their property or to refinance their loans due to either a lack of equity, in some instances negative equity, or the lack of available housing finance.

Whilst the economy slowed during 2008 and was in recession for the majority of 2009, during which time unemployment rose, interest rates fell to historically low levels, easing mortgage affordability. This easing of mortgage affordability combined with the use of the scorecard, referred to above, has meant that current arrears levels have not risen to the levels experienced in the early nineties.

Bank of Scotland regularly reviews its lending policies in the light of prevailing market conditions and reviews actions so as to mitigate possible problems. The performance of new business and the arrears profiles are continuously monitored in monthly reports. Any deterioration of the arrears level is investigated and the internal procedures are reviewed if necessary.

Characteristics of the United Kingdom residential mortgage market

The United Kingdom housing market is primarily one of owner-occupied housing, with the remainder in some form of public, private landlord or social ownership. The mortgage market, whereby loans are provided for the purchase of a property and secured on that property, is the primary source of household borrowings in the United Kingdom.

Set out in the following tables are certain characteristics of the United Kingdom mortgage market.

Industry PPR rates

In the following tables, quarterly industry principal payment rate (**industry PPR**) data was calculated by dividing the amount of scheduled and unscheduled repayments of mortgages made by banks and building societies in a quarter by the quarterly balance of mortgages outstanding for banks and building societies in the United Kingdom. These quarterly repayment rates were then annualised using standard methodology.

l.,

				Industry	
	Industry	12-month		PPR rate	12-month
	PPR rate	rolling		for the	rolling
	for the	average		quarter	average
Quarter	quarter (%)	(%)	Quarter	(%)	(%)
December 1998	15.00	14.24	March 2006	22.27	23.12
March 1999	12.32	14.41	June 2006	23.37	23.64
June 1999	15.96	14.85	September 2006	24.95	23.80
September 1999	17.55	15.21	December 2006	24.87	23.87
December 1999	16.47	15.57	March 2007	23.80	24.25
March 2000	13.62	15.90	June 2007	24.84	24.61
June 2000	15.31	15.73	September 2007	25.48	24.74
September 2000	15.97	15.34	December 2007	23.55	24.42
December 2000	15.67	15.14	March 2008	19.56	23.36
March 2001	15.38	15.58	June 2008	20.88	22.37
June 2001	18.23	16.31	September 2008	20.15	21.03
September 2001	20.25	17.39	December 2008	15.33	18.98
December 2001	20.06	18.48	March 2009	12.91	17.32
March 2002	18.75	19.32	June 2009	11.39	14.95
June 2002	21.10	20.04	September 2009	12.77	13.10
September 2002	23.63	20.89	December 2009	11.99	12.27
December 2002	22.89	21.59	March 2010	9.60	11.44
March 2003	21.24	22.22	June 2010	10.60	11.24
June 2003	22.43	22.55	September 2010	11.30	10.87
September 2003	24.03	22.65	December 2010	10.98	10.62
December 2003	24.87	23.14	March 2011	10.03	10.73
March 2004	21.22	23.14	June 2011	10.59	10.73
June 2004	22.93	23.26	September 2011	11.91	10.88
September 2004	24.27	23.32	December 2011	11.41	10.98
December 2004	20.85	22.32	March 2012	10.55	11.11
March 2005	17.96	21.50	June 2012	10.85	11.18
June 2005	21.32	21.10	September 2012	11.11	10.98
September 2005	24.29	21.10	December 2012	11.39	10.97
December 2005	24.61	22.04			

Source of repayment and outstanding mortgage information: Council of Mortgage Lenders

Repossession rate

The table below sets out the repossession rate of residential properties in the United Kingdom since 1985.

	Repossessions		Repossessions		Repossessions
Year	(%)	Year	(%)	Year	(%)
1985	0.25	1995	0.47	2005	0.12
1986	0.30	1996	0.40	2006	0.18
1987	0.32	1997	0.31	2007	0.22
1988	0.22	1998	0.31	2008	0.34
1989	0.17	1999	0.27	2009	0.43
1990	0.47	2000	0.20	2010	0.34
1991	0.77	2001	0.16	2011	0.33
1992	0.69	2002	0.11	2012	0.30
1993	0.58	2003	0.07		
1994	0.47	2004	0.07		

Source: Council of Mortgage Lenders

All information contained in these Final Terms in respect of industry PPR rates and repossession rates has been reproduced from information published by the Council of Mortgage Lenders. The issuing entity confirms that all information in these Final Terms in respect of industry PPR rates and repossession rates has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by the Council of Mortgage Lenders, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

House price to earnings ratio

The following table shows the ratio for each year since 1994 of the average house price compared to the average annual income of borrowers in the United Kingdom.

Year	Average annual earnings (£)	Average house price(£)	House price to earnings ratio
1994	22,288	64,787	2.91
1995	23,114	65,644	2.84
1996	24,740	70,626	2.85
1997	26,086	76,103	2.92
1998	27,317	81,774	2.99
1999	29,864	92,521	3.10
2000	31,193	101,550	3.26
2001	33,967	112,835	3.32
2002	36,277	128,265	3.54
2003	38,538	155,627	4.04
2004	39,873	180,248	4.52
2005	43,690	190,760	4.37
2006	50,789	204,813	4.03
2007	53,617	223,405	4.17
2008	54,527	227,765	4.18
2009	53,975	226,064	4.19
2010	57,973	251,174	4.33
2011	55,764	245,319	4.40

Source: Office for National Statistics

House prices and incomes vary throughout England, Wales and Scotland. The table below summarises the average house price and the average income of borrowers for each region for the year ended 31 December 2011 in order to produce a house price to earnings ratio for each region.

	Average annual	Average house	House price to
Regions	earnings (£)	price(£)	earnings ratio
North	42,286	156,832	3.71
North West	45,513	175,435	3.85
Yorkshire & Humberside	45,316	171,332	3.78
East Midlands	46,460	178,884	3.85
West Midlands	46,935	189,054	4.03
East Anglia	50,646	215,105	4.25
London	82,245	401,489	4.88
South East	62,201	295,827	4.76
South West	51,583	232,171	4.50
Wales	45,165	164,572	3.64
Scotland	49,149	179,863	3.66

Source: Office for National Statistics

All information contained in these Final Terms in respect of average house prices and average earnings has been reproduced from information published by the Department for Communities and Local Government. The issuing entity confirms that all information in these Final Terms in respect of average house prices and average earnings has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by the Department for Communities and Local Government, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

House price index

United Kingdom residential property prices, as measured by the Nationwide House Price Index and the Halifax House Price Index (collectively the **Housing Indices**), have generally outperformed the United Kingdom Retail Price Index in the recent past. (Nationwide is a United Kingdom building society and Halifax is a brand name of Bank of Scotland, a United Kingdom bank.)

The United Kingdom housing market has been through various economic cycles in the recent past, with large year-to-year increases in the Housing Indices occurring in the late 1980s and the mid 1990s through to mid 2007 and decreases occurring in the early 1990s and mid 2007 through late 2009.

	Retail Pri	ce Index	Nationwic		Halifax Price	
		%		%		%
		annual		annual		annual
Year	Index	change	Index	change	Index	change
1988	106.9	4.9			184.8	23.3
1989	115.2	7.8			223.1	20.8
1990	126.1	9.5			223.2	0.0
1991	133.5	5.9	107.1		220.5	(1.2)
1992	138.5	3.7	103.0	(3.8)	208.1	(5.6)
1993	140.7	1.6	102.1	(0.8)	202.1	(2.9)
1994	144.1	2.4	103.5	1.3	203.1	0.5
1995	149.1	3.5	102.3	(1.2)	199.6	(1.7)
1996	152.7	2.4	106.3	4.0	208.6	4.5
1997	157.5	3.1	117.9	10.9	221.7	6.3
1998	162.9	3.4	129.8	10.1	233.7	5.4
1999	165.4	1.5	141.7	9.2	250.5	7.2
2000	170.3	3.0	160.0	12.9	275.1	9.8
2001	173.3	1.8	177.0	10.6	298.6	8.5
2002	176.2	1.7	211.8	19.7	350.6	17.4

	Retail Pri	ce Index	Nationwic Price		Halifax House Price Index		
	% annual		% annual			% annual	
Year	Index	change	Index	change	Index	change	
2003	181.3	2.9	253.0	19.5	429.1	22.4	
2004	186.7	3.0	296.3	17.1	507.6	18.3	
2005	192.0	2.8	311.4	5.1	536.6	5.7	
2006	198.1	3.2	331.4	6.4	581.3	8.3	
2007	206.6	4.3	361.7	9.1	635.9	9.4	
2008	214.8	4.0	337.4	(6.7)	585.9	(7.9)	
2009	213.7	(0.5)	312.4	(7.4)	524.6	(10.5)	
2010	223.6	4.6	330.6	5.8	539.6	2.9	
2011	235.2	5.2	329.9	(0.2)	525.4	(2.6)	
2012	242.7	3.2	327.1	(0.8)	522.1	(0.6)	

Source: Office for National Statistics, Nationwide Building Society and Lloyds Banking Group.

The percentage change in the table above is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

(X-Y)/Y where ${\bf X}$ is equal to the current year's index value and ${\bf Y}$ is equal to the index value of the previous year.

The figures for the Nationwide House Price Index are the average of the published monthly indices for that year (monthly indices not available for the period prior to 1991).

Quarterly house price index

	Retail Pri	ce Index	Nationwide House Halifax Price Index (SA)* Price Index				
	-	%		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		annual		annual		annual	
Quarter	Index	change	Index	change	Index	change	
March 2007	203.0	4.5	353.8	9.5	623.5	11.3	
June 2007	206.3	4.4	360.1	10.2	639.4	11.2	
September 2007	207.1	3.9	365.2	9.3	646.5	11.1	
December 2007	209.8	4.2	367.8	6.9	638.8	5.4	
March 2008	211.1	4.0	361.9	2.2	630.0	1.0	
June 2008	215.3	4.4	345.7	(4.0)	597.6	(6.5)	
September 2008	217.4	5.0	327.5	(10.3)	564.0	(12.8)	
December 2008	215.5	2.7	313.4	(14.7)	534.6	(16.3)	
March 2009	210.9	(0.1)	302.4	(16.5)	517.7	(17.8)	
June 2009	212.6	(1.3)	305.0	(11.7)	510.6	(14.6)	
September 2009	214.4	(1.4)	317.4	(3.0)	523.6	(7.2)	
December 2009	216.9	0.6	324.0	3.4	540.4	1.1	
March 2010	219.3	4.0	329.2	8.8	543.6	5.0	
June 2010	223.5	5.1	333.8	9.5	543.6	6.5	
September 2010	224.5	4.7	331.5	4.5	537.2	2.6	
December 2010	227.0	4.7	326.0	0.5	531.7	(1.6)	
March 2011	230.9	5.3	328.3	(0.3)	527.3	(3.0)	
June 2011	234.9	5.1	329.7	(1.2)	524.5	(3.5)	
September 2011	236.2	5.2	330.0	(0.5)	525.2	(2.2)	
December 2011	238.6	5.1	329.9	1.1	524.0	(1.5)	
March 2012	239.6	3.8	328.8	0.2	523.8	(0.7)	
June 2012	242.2	3.1	326.0	(1.1)	521.5	(0.6)	
September 2012	243.1	2.9	324.8	(1.6)	519.4	(1.1)	

	Retail Pric	e Index	Price Ind		Halifax House Price Index (SA)*		
		%		%		%	
		annual		annual		annual	
Quarter	Index	change	Index	change	Index	change	
December 2012	246.0	3.1	326.3	(1.1)	522.3	(0.3)	

Source: Office for National Statistics, Nationwide Building Society and Lloyds Banking Group. *Seasonally adjusted.

The percentage change in the table above is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

(X-Y)/Y where **X** is equal to the current quarter's index value and **Y** is equal to the index value of the previous year's corresponding quarter.

All information contained in these Final Terms in respect of the Retail Price Index has been reproduced from information published by the Office for National Statistics. All information contained in these Final Terms in respect of the Nationwide House Price Index has been reproduced from information published by Nationwide Building Society. All information contained in these Final Terms in respect of the Halifax House Price Index has been reproduced from information published by Lloyds Banking Group. The issuing entity confirms that all information in these Final Terms in respect of the Retail Price Index, the Nationwide House Price Index and the Halifax House Price Index has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by the Office for National Statistics, Nationwide Building Society and Lloyds Banking Group, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

Note, however, that the issuing entity has not participated in the preparation of that information nor made any enquiry with respect to that information. Neither the issuing entity nor Nationwide Building Society nor Lloyds Banking Group makes any representation as to the accuracy of the information or has any liability whatsoever to you in connection with that information. Anyone relying on the information does so at their own risk.

Static Pool Data

This section sets out, to the extent material, certain static pool information with respect to the loans in the mortgages trust.

The issuing entity has not included static pool information in this section in respect of prepayments, as this information is not separately identified by the servicer. However, prepayment rates in respect of the mortgage loans in the mortgages trust are set out in the monthly reports to investors that are prepared pursuant to the servicing agreement. To date, prepayment rates in respect of the mortgage loans in the mortgages trust have broadly been in line with the industry PPR data set out on page 26 above.

One of the characteristics of the mortgages trust is that the seller is able to sell more loans to the mortgages trustee over time, whether in connection with an issuance of notes by the issuing entity, any new Funding 2 issuing entity or any Funding 1 issuing entity or in order to maintain the minimum seller share. To aid in understanding changes to the mortgages trust over time, the following table sets out information relating to each sale of loans by the seller to the mortgages trustee pursuant to the mortgage sale agreement.

	Balance of loans substituted or	Number of loans substituted	
Date	sold	or sold	In connection with previous issue by
June 2002	£10,117,255,819	173,505	Permanent Financing (No. 1) PLC (dissolved)
November 2002	£898,016,408	16,209	N/A
January 2003	£894,475,758	16,835	N/A
March 2003	£10,538,839,220	186,140	Permanent Financing (No. 2) PLC (dissolved)
June 2003	£1,576,963,369	25,652	N/A
September 2003	£1,688,468,552	23,426	N/A
October 2003	£2,735,667,398	37,770	N/A
January 2004	£2,670,143,154	35,418	N/A
March 2004	£9,376,972,811	134,716	Permanent Financing (No. 4) PLC
July 2004	£3,698,396,657	48,652	N/A
November 2004	£9,582,315,930	104,569	Permanent Financing (No. 6) PLC
March 2005	£6,625,343,617	70,542	Permanent Financing (No. 7) PLC
June 2005	£9,483,670,772	101,317	Permanent Financing (No. 8) PLC
December 2005	£5,786,749,656	65,460	N/A
March 2006	£9,637,574,095	101,599	Permanent Financing (No. 9) PLC
October 2006	£8,838,288,141	86,769	Permanent Master Issuer 2006-1 Notes
December 2006	£6,373,073,080	60,773	N/A
July 2007	£5,691,369,649	51,310	N/A
November 2007	£8,686,106,961	70,107	N/A
April 2008	£5,919,444,424	45,479	N/A
January 2009	£2,997,445,751	23,102	N/A
September 2009	£5,004,406,381	43,970	N/A
May 2010	£4,975,100,475	44,756	N/A
March 2011	£2,606,665,774	26,244	N/A

The sale of new loans by the seller to the mortgages trustee is subject to conditions, including ones required by the rating agencies, designed to maintain certain credit-related and other characteristics of the mortgages trust. These include limits on loans in arrears in the mortgages trust at the time of sale, limits on the aggregate balance of loans sold, limits on changes in the weighted average foreclosure frequency (WAFF) and the weighted average loss severity (WALS), minimum yield for the loans in the mortgages trust after the sale, the Fitch portfolio tests and maximum LTV for the loans in the mortgages trust after the sale. See a description of these conditions in "Sale of the loans and their related security — Sale of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee on the sale dates" in the base prospectus.

The following tables show, for each of the latest five years of origination, the distribution of loans in the mortgages trust originated in that year by delinquency category as at each year-end starting in 2008.

Static pool information set out in this base prospectus is not deemed part of this base prospectus to the extent that the static pool information relates to loans originated by Halifax prior to 1 January 2006.

Portfolio arrears by year of origination

Loans originated in 2008 as at each specified date

	31 December 2008				31 December 2009				31 December 2010			
			% by	% by			% by	% by			% by	% by
	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance
< 1 month	3,982	£537,263,387.00	98.39%	98.18%	38,333	£4,885,733,478.37	98.24%	98.05%	40,076	£5,099,605,444.31	97.14%	96.89%
1 – < 2 months	42	£6,773,637.63	1.04%	1.24%	372	£51,704,674.64	0.95%	1.04%	522	£69,532,774.29	1.27%	1.32%
2 – < 3 months	9	£1,213,738.64	0.22%	0.22%	117	£16,671,648.84	0.30%	0.33%	183	£25,432,815.15	0.44%	0.48%
3 – < 6 months	12	£1,724,138.00	0.30%	0.32%	131	£18,760,144.21	0.34%	0.38%	277	£37,875,767.06	0.67%	0.72%
6 – < 12 months	2	£234,712.46	0.05%	0.04%	59	£9,537,270.96	0.15%	0.19%	163	£25,315,418.59	0.40%	0.48%
12+ months					6	£712,981.04	0.02%	0.01%	36	£5,365,010.58	0.09%	0.10%
Total	4,047	£547,209,613.73	100.00%	100.00%	39,018	£4,983,120,198.06	100.00%	100.00%	41,257	£5,263,127,229.98	100.00%	100.00%
			31 Dece	mber 2011	31 December 2012							
			% by	% by			% by	% by				
	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance				
< 1 month	36,854	£4,385,556,580.31	96.37%	95.90%	31,618	£3,740,790,204.37	95.59%	94.91%				
1 – < 2 months	514	£68,108,116.63	1.34%	1.49%	466	£62,960,549.67	1.41%	1.60%				
2 - < 3 months	197	£28,010,886.33	0.52%	0.61%	223	£30,067,453.90	0.67%	0.76%				
3 – < 6 months	319	£42,641,597.14	0.83%	0.93%	345	£47,451,752.90	1.04%	1.20%				
6 – < 12 months	250	£34,648,114.62	0.65%	0.76%	304	£44,692,420.92	0.92%	1.13%				
12+ months	109	£13 910 498 86	0.29%	0.30%	122	£15 401 260 28	0.37%	0.39%				

33,078

£3,941,363,642.04

100.00%

100.00%

38,243

£4,572,875,793.89

100.00%

100.00%

Loans originated in 2009 as at each specified date

			31 Dece	mber 2008			31 Dece	mber 2009			31 Dece	mber 2010
			% by	% by			% by	% by			% by	% by
	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance
< 1 month					9,750	£1,109,892,049.08	98.57%	98.41%	28,997	£3,135,358,466.62	98.13%	97.94%
1 – < 2 months					100	£13,227,830.01	1.01%	1.17%	300	£34,097,549.04	1.02%	1.07%
2 – < 3 months					20	£2,270,373.22	0.20%	0.20%	82	£9,832,808.16	0.28%	0.31%
3 – < 6 months					20	£2,374,551.54	0.20%	0.21%	117	£15,308,606.02	0.40%	0.48%
6 – < 12 months					1	£52,129.69	0.01%	0.00%	46	£5,698,343.73	0.16%	0.18%
12+ months									7	£862,333.40	0.02%	0.03%
Tatal					9,891	£1,127,816,933.54	100.00%	100.00%	29,549	£3,201,158,106.97	100.00%	100.00%
Total												
			31 Dece	mber 2011			31 Dece	mber 2012				
			% by	% by			% by	% by				
	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance				
< 1 month	31,497	£3,162,742,222.58	97.40%	97.11%	26,423	£2,564,812,378.68	96.68%	96.32%				
1 – < 2 months	360	£39,394,207.41	1.11%	1.21%	324	£33,322,235.84	1.19%	1.25%				
2 - < 3 months	112	£12,116,229.18	0.35%	0.37%	131	£14,220,447.01	0.48%	0.53%				
3 - < 6 months	208	£24,506,072.15	0.64%	0.75%	207	£23,558,739.46	0.76%	0.88%				
6 – < 12 months	128	£14,742,237.68	0.40%	0.45%	167	£18,193,036.86	0.61%	0.68%				
12+ months	33	£3,474,371.76	0.10%	0.11%	77	£8,619,295.69	0.28%	0.32%				
Total	32,338	£3,256,975,340.76	100.00%	100.00%	27,329	£2,662,726,133.54	100.00%	100.00%				

Loans originated in 2010 as at each specified date

	31 December 2008						31 Dece	mber 2009	31 December 2010			
< 1 month	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number 1,680 19 5 3 1	Principal balance £193,974,121.48 £1,991,605.01 £584,896.39 £488,863.82 £41,817.60 £197,081,304.30	% by number 98.36% 1.11% 0.29% 0.18% 0.06%	% by balance 98.42% 1.01% 0.30% 0.25% 0.02%
				mber 2011				mber 2012				
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance				
< 1 month	12,101 111	£1,271,858,705.28 £11,928,820.33	98.37% 0.90%	98.33% 0.92%	10,352 120	£1,005,866,208.79 £11,955,681.58	97.18% 1.13%	96.99% 1.15%				
2 - < 3 months	38 40 10 1	£4,137,970.11 £4,116,831.16 £1,323,118.57 £43,462.22	0.31% 0.33% 0.08% 0.01%	0.32% 0.32% 0.10% 0.00%	53 73 47 7	£5,407,008.14 £8,420,899.02 £4,776,586.59 £645,168.35	0.50% 0.69% 0.44% 0.07%	0.52% 0.81% 0.46% 0.06%				
12+ months Total	12,301	£1,293,408,907.67	100.00%	100.00%	10,652	£1,037,071,552.47	100.00%	100.00%				

There are currently no Loans in the mo	ortgages trust that were originated	in 2011 or 2012, so no tables have be	en produced for these periods.

All loans in the mortgages trust as at each specified date

	31 December 2008						31 Dece	mber 2009		31 December 2010		
	,		% by	% by			% by	% by			% by	% by
	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance
< 1 month	466,416	£37,224,032,569.02	97.19%	96.42%	457,351	£37,511,510,068.03	97.14%	96.39%	437,569	£36,008,557,141.42	96.79%	95.97%
1 – < 2 months	5,559	£549,662,047.43	1.16%	1.42%	4,854	£487,448,366.26	1.03%	1.25%	5,476	£556,692,649.37	1.21%	1.48%
2 – < 3 months	2,151	£220,796,709.79	0.45%	0.57%	1,938	£201,693,493.30	0.41%	0.52%	2,055	£212,511,936.17	0.45%	0.57%
3 – < 6 months	2,833	£294,194,575.89	0.59%	0.76%	2,885	£297,428,785.56	0.61%	0.76%	3,188	£333,617,923.56	0.71%	0.89%
6 – < 12 months	2,137	£227,390,850.24	0.45%	0.59%	2,496	£273,295,872.35	0.53%	0.70%	2,311	£247,674,942.07	0.51%	0.66%
12+ months	803	£89,085,851.36	0.17%	0.23%	1,300	£145,836,974.49	0.28%	0.37%	1,472	£162,063,629.54	0.33%	0.43%
Total	479,899	£38,605,162,603.73	100.00%	100.00%	470,824	£38,917,213,559.99	100.00%	100.00%	452,071	£37,521,118,222.13	100.00%	100.00%
			31 Dece	mber 2011			31 Dece	mber 2012				
	-		% by	% by	-		% by	% by				
	Number	Principal balance	number	balance	Number	Principal balance	number	balance				
< 1 month	397,887	£31,917,558,252.23	96.72%	95.81%	339,077	£26,348,820,770.58	95.97%	94.69%				
1 – < 2 months	4,324	£431,400,764.64	1.05%	1.29%	4,146	£410,830,829.98	1.17%	1.48%				
2 - < 3 months	1,921	£200,714,362.63	0.47%	0.60%	2,109	£214,911,292.62	0.60%	0.77%				
3 – < 6 months	3,347	£353,695,110.66	0.81%	1.06%	3,597	£379,688,784.20	1.02%	1.36%				
6 – < 12 months	2,442	£259,525,522.56	0.59%	0.78%	2,849	£311,283,980.74	0.81%	1.12%				
12+ months	1,450	£151,272,881.22	0.35%	0.45%	1,547	£161,840,128.75	0.44%	0.58%				
Total	411,371	£33,314,166,893.94	100.00%	100.00%	353,325	£27,827,375,786.87	100.00%	100.00%				

Signed on behalf of the issuing entity:

Ву:

Year years

per pro SFM Directors Limited as Director

Duly authorised