

## Final Terms

Final Terms dated 28 September 2009

### PERMANENT MASTER ISSUER PLC

(Incorporated with limited liability in England and Wales with registered number 5922774)

### Mortgage Backed Note Programme

#### 2009-1 Issue

Series	Class	Interest rate	Initial principal amount	Issue price	Bullet redemption dates	Final maturity date
1	A	1.70% margin over 3-month Sterling LIBOR	£1,650,000,000	100%	15 October 2014	15 July 2042
2	A	1.70% margin over 3-month Sterling LIBOR	£1,650,000,000	100%	15 October 2014	15 July 2042
3	A	1.70% margin over 3-month EURIBOR	€750,000,000	100%	15 October 2014	15 July 2042

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the conditions set forth in the base prospectus dated 24 September 2009 (the **Base Prospectus**) which constitutes a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive (Directive 2003/71/EC) (the **Prospectus Directive**). This document constitutes the final terms (the **Final Terms**) of the series (each a **Series**) and classes (each a **Class**) of notes (the **Notes**) of Permanent Master Issuer plc (the **Master Issuer**) described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive (together, the Notes or the 2009-1 notes) and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus. Full information on the Master Issuer (also referred to as the issuing entity) and the offer of the 2009-1 notes the subject thereof is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Base Prospectus. The Base Prospectus is available for viewing at the offices of the Principal Paying Agent at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB and copies may be obtained from the registered office of the Master Issuer at 35 Great St. Helen's, London, EC3A 6AP.

#### Arranger for the programme



#### Dealers for the 2009-1 Issue

Barclays Capital

J.P. Morgan

Lloyds TSB Corporate Markets

#### Lead Manager with respect to the Series 1 Class A Notes

Lloyds TSB Corporate Markets

#### Lead Managers with respect to the Series 2 Class A Notes and the Series 3 Class A Notes

Barclays Capital

J.P. Morgan

Lloyds TSB Corporate Markets

#### Co-Managers with respect to the Series 2 Class A and the Series 3 Class A Notes

Citi

BofA Merrill Lynch

The Royal Bank of Scotland

(1) <b>Series and Class:</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 1 Class A</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 2 Class A</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 3 Class A</b>
(2) Master Issuer:	Permanent Master Issuer plc	Permanent Master Issuer plc	Permanent Master Issuer plc
(3) Specified Currency or Currencies:	Sterling	Sterling	Euro
(4) Initial Principal Amount:	1,650,000,000	1,650,000,000	750,000,000
(5) (a) Issue Price	100% of the Initial Principal Amount The Manager will in turn re-offer the Notes to an affiliate at 100% of the Initial Principal Amount of such Notes (the <b>Re-Offer Price</b> ).	100% of the Initial Principal Amount The Managers will in turn re-offer the Notes to investors at 99.551% of the Initial Principal Amount of such Notes (the <b>Re-Offer Price</b> ).	100% of the Initial Principal Amount The Managers will in turn re-offer the Notes to investors at 100% of the Initial Principal Amount of such Notes (the <b>Re-Offer Price</b> ).
(b) Gross Proceeds:	£1,650,000,000	£1,650,000,000	€750,000,000
(6) Funding 2 Reserve Required Amount:	For all notes issued by the Master Issuer, £1,496,900,000		
(7) Ratings (Standard & Poor's/Moody's/Fitch):	AAA/Aaa/AAA	AAA/Aaa/AAA	AAA/Aaa/AAA
(8) Specified Denominations:	£50,000 and integral multiples of £1,000 in excess thereof up to and including £99,000. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above £99,000.	£50,000 and integral multiples of £1,000 in excess thereof up to and including £99,000. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above £99,000.	€50,000 and integral multiples of €1,000 in excess thereof up to and including €99,000. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above €99,000.
(9) (a) Closing Date:	29 September 2009	29 September 2009	29 September 2009
(b) Interest Commencement Date:	29 September 2009	29 September 2009	29 September 2009
(10) Final Maturity Date:	Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042	Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042	Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042
(11) Interest Basis:	Three-month Sterling LIBOR Floating Rate	Three-month Sterling LIBOR Floating Rate	Three-month EURIBOR Floating Rate
(12) Redemption/Payment Basis:	Bullet Redemption	Bullet Redemption	Bullet Redemption
(13) Change of Interest Basis or Redemption/Payment Basis:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(14) (a) Listing and admission to trading:	Application has been made by the Master Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market and listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority.	Application has been made by the Master Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market and listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority.	Application has been made by the Master Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market and listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority.
(15) (a) Status of the Notes	Direct, secured and unconditional obligation of the issuing entity.	Direct, secured and unconditional obligation of the issuing entity.	Direct, secured and unconditional obligation of the issuing entity.
(b) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading:	For all 2009-1 Notes an aggregate amount of £2,875		
Date of Board approval for issuance of the Notes	23 September 2009	23 September 2009	23 September 2009
(16) Method of distribution:	Syndicated	Syndicated	Syndicated

(1) Series and Class:	2009-1 Series 1 Class A	2009-1 Series 2 Class A	2009-1 Series 3 Class A
	Bank of Scotland plc and/or Lloyds TSB Bank plc (or one of their affiliates) intends to purchase £1,650,000,000 of the Series 1 Class A Notes on the Closing Date for the purpose of one of such entities entering into a securities lending transaction with an affiliate of J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd. (JPMSL).	An affiliate of JPMSL intends to purchase £1,250,000,000 of the Series 2 Class A Notes on the Closing Date.	
(17) Fixed Rate Note Provisions:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(18) Floating Rate Note Provisions:	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable
(a) Interest Payment Dates:	15th January, 15th April, 15th July and 15th October in each year up to and including the Final Maturity Date. The first Interest Payment Date will be 15th January 2010.	15th January, 15th April, 15th July and 15th October in each year up to and including the Final Maturity Date. The first Interest Payment Date will be 15th January 2010.	15th January, 15th April, 15th July and 15th October in each year up to and including the Final Maturity Date. The first Interest Payment Date will be 15th January 2010.
(b) Business Day Convention:	Following Business Day Convention	Following Business Day Convention	Following Business Day Convention
(c) Additional Business Centre(s):	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
(d) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined:	Screen Rate Determination	Screen Rate Determination	Screen Rate Determination
(e) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Agent Bank):	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
(f) Screen Rate Determination:			
• Reference Rate:	Three-month Sterling LIBOR (or, in respect of the first Interest Period, the linear interpolation of 3-month Sterling LIBOR and 4-month Sterling LIBOR)	Three-month Sterling LIBOR (or, in respect of the first Interest Period, the linear interpolation of 3-month Sterling LIBOR and 4-month Sterling LIBOR)	Three-month EURIBOR (or, in respect of the first Interest Period, the linear interpolation of 3-month EURIBOR and 4-month EURIBOR)
• Interest Determination Date(s):	The first day of each Interest Period	The first day of each Interest Period	The second business day that the TARGET system is open prior to the start of each Interest Period.
• Relevant Screen Page:	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as LIBOR 01	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as LIBOR 01	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as EURIBOR 01
(g) ISDA Determination:			
• Floating Rate Option:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
• Designated Maturity:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

(1) Series and Class:	2009-1 Series 1 Class A	2009-1 Series 2 Class A	2009-1 Series 3 Class A
• Reset Date:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(h) Margin(s):	+ 1.70% per annum	+ 1.70% per annum	+ 1.70% per annum
(i) Minimum Rate of Interest:	Not Applicable		
(j) Maximum Rate of Interest:	Not Applicable		
(k) Step-Up Date	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014
• Step-Up Margin(s)	+ 0.75% per annum. Investors should note that the Step-Up Margin is lower than the Margin.	+ 0.75% per annum. Investors should note that the Step-Up Margin is lower than the Margin.	+ 0.75% per annum. Investors should note that the Step-Up Margin is lower than the Margin.
(l) Day Count Fraction:	Actual/365	Actual/365	Actual/360
(m) Fallback provisions, rounding provisions and any other terms relating to the method of calculating interest on Floating Rate Notes if different from those set out in the Conditions:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(19) Zero Coupon Note Provisions:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(20) Form of Notes:	Registered Notes: Reg S Global Note registered in the name of a nominee for a common depository for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg	Registered Notes: Reg S Global Note registered in the name of a nominee for a common depository for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg	Registered Notes: Reg S Global Note registered in the name of a nominee for a common depository for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg
(21) Additional Financial Centre(s) or other special provisions relating to Interest Payment Dates:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(22) Details relating to Bullet Redemption Notes:	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable
(a) Redemption Amount:	£1,650,000,000	£1,650,000,000	€750,000,000
(b) Bullet Redemption Date:	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014
(23) Details relating to Scheduled Redemption Notes:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(24) Details relating to Pass-Through Notes:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(25) Redemption Amount:	Condition 5.6 applies	Condition 5.6 applies	Condition 5.6 applies
(26) (a) Interest Payment Date for Regulatory Call:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(b) Call Option Date:	Applicable Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014 and each subsequent Interest Payment Date thereafter	Applicable Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014 and each subsequent Interest Payment Date thereafter	Applicable Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014 and each subsequent Interest Payment Date thereafter
(27) Issuing Entity Swap Provider(s):	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Barclays Bank PLC
(28) Specified Currency Exchange Rate	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	GBP 1.00/EUR1.1105
(29) Talons for future coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes (and dates on which talons mature):	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(30) Redenomination, renominatisation	Redenomination	Redenomination	Redenomination

(1) <b>Series and Class:</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 1 Class A</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 2 Class A</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 3 Class A</b>
and reconventioning provisions applicable:	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable
(31) U.S. tax treatment:	Not Applicable (These Notes are not being offered or sold in the United States)	Not Applicable (These Notes are not being offered or sold in the United States)	Not Applicable (These Notes are not being offered or sold in the United States)
(32) ERISA eligible:	Not Applicable (The Notes are not being offered or sold in the United States)	Not Applicable (These Notes are not being offered or sold in the United States)	Not Applicable (These Notes are not being offered or sold in the United States)
(33) Other final terms:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(34) Money Market Notes (2a-7)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(35) Maturity Purchase Notes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(a) Scheduled Transfer Date:	13 November 2014	13 November 2014	13 November 2014
(b) Loss Calculation Date	The third Business Day after the Bullet Redemption Date	The third Business Day after the Bullet Redemption Date	The third Business Day after the Bullet Redemption Date
(c) Maturity Purchaser:	Lloyds TSB Bank plc	Lloyds TSB Bank plc	Lloyds TSB Bank plc
(36) Funding 2 Yield Reserve Notes:	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable
(a) Primary Funding 2 Yield Reserve Required Amount:	£106,805,714	£106,805,714	£56,388,572
(b) Secondary Funding 2 Yield Reserve Required Amount:	£49,447,090	£49,447,090	£26,105,820
(37) (a) If syndicated, names of Managers:	Not Applicable	Lloyds TSB Bank plc, JPMSL, Barclays Bank PLC, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Merrill Lynch International and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc.  An affiliate of JPMSL intends to purchase £1,250,000,000 of the Series 2 Class A Notes on the Closing Date.	Lloyds TSB Bank plc, JPMSL, Barclays Bank PLC, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Merrill Lynch International and The Royal Bank of Scotland plc.
(b) Stabilising Manager (if any):	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(38) If non-syndicated, name of relevant Dealer:	Lloyds TSB Bank plc	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(39) Total commission and concession:		In respect of the Series 2 Class A Notes, the total commission and concession to be paid to the Series 2 Class A Lead Managers, for acting as Lead Managers, shall be an amount equal to the sum of (a) 0.25% of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Series 2 Class A Notes underwritten by the Series 2 Class A Lead Managers (other than in respect of JPMSL, the Series 2 Class A Notes underwritten pursuant to its underwriting commitment described	In respect of the Series 3 Class A Notes, the total commission and concession to be paid to the Series 3 Class A Lead Managers, for acting as Lead Managers, shall be an amount equal to 0.25% of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Series 3 Class A Notes underwritten by the Series 3 Class A Lead Managers.

(1) Series and Class:	2009-1 Series 1 Class A	2009-1 Series 2 Class A	2009-1 Series 3 Class A
		<p>in the paragraph below) and (b) £1,796,000 by the Master Issuer, representing the difference between (i) the Issue Price at which they purchased the Notes from the Master Issuer and (ii) the Re-Offer Price.</p>	
		<p>In respect of the £1,250,000,000 Series 2 Class A Notes underwritten by JPMSL, the total commission and concession to be paid to JPMSL, for acting as Lead Manager shall be an amount equal to the sum of (a) 0.35% of £1,250,000,000 and (b) £5,612,500 by the Master Issuer, representing the difference between (i) the Issue Price at which it purchased the Notes from the Master Issuer and (ii) the Re-Offer Price.</p>	
		<p>An affiliate of JPMSL intends to purchase £1,250,000,000 of the Series 2 Class A Notes on the Closing Date. JPMSL entered into a forward commitment with Bank of Scotland plc to underwrite such notes based upon the prevailing market on 25 July 2009 and will receive a payment as remuneration for this commitment.</p>	
(40) Whether TEFRA D or TEFRA C rules applicable or TEFRA rules not applicable:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(41) Additional selling restrictions:	Not Applicable Reg S Notes only	Not Applicable Reg S Notes only	Not Applicable Reg S Notes only
(42) Any clearing system(s) other than DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg and the relevant identification numbers:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(43) Delivery:	Delivery against payment	Delivery against payment	Delivery against payment
(44) Name and address of initial Paying Agent:	Citibank, N.A, Citigroup Centre Canada Square	Citibank, N.A, Citigroup Centre Canada Square	Citibank, N.A, Citigroup Centre Canada Square

(1) <b>Series and Class:</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 1 Class A</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 2 Class A</b>	<b>2009-1 Series 3 Class A</b>
	Canary Wharf London E14 5LB	Canary Wharf London E14 5LB	Canary Wharf London E14 5LB
(45) Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any):	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(46) ISIN Code:	XS0454741272	XS0454744375	XS0454744458
(47) Common Code:	045474127	045474437	045474445
(48) CUSIP:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(49) Rated Loan Tranche:	AAA 2009-1 Series 1 Class A Tranche	AAA 2009-1 Series 2 Class A Tranche	AAA 2009-1 Series 3 Class A Tranche
(50) Borrower:	Permanent Funding (No. 2) Limited	Permanent Funding (No. 2) Limited	Permanent Funding (No. 2) Limited
(51) Designated Rated Loan Tranche rating:	AAA/Aaa/AAA	AAA/Aaa/AAA	AAA/Aaa/AAA
(52) Designation of Rated Loan Tranche:	Bullet Loan Tranche	Bullet Loan Tranche	Bullet Loan Tranche
(53) Initial Principal Amount:	£1,650,000,000	£1,650,000,000	£675,375,000
(a) Closing Date:	29 September 2009	29 September 2009	29 September 2009
(b) Interest Commencement Date:	29 September 2009	29 September 2009	29 September 2009
(54) Rated Loan Tranche rate:	Sum of (a), (b) and (c):	Sum of (a), (b) and (c):	Sum of (a), (b) and (c):
(a) Reuters Screen Page:	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as LIBOR 01	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as LIBOR 01	Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service at the page designated as LIBOR 01
(b) Rated Loan Tranche Rate Margin:	+ 1.30%	+ 1.30%	+ 1.4532%
(c) Funding 2 Yield Reserve Revenue Margin	+ 0.40%	+ 0.40%	+0.40%
(55) Step-Up Date (if any):	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014
(56) Stepped-up Loan Tranche rate:	0.75%	0.75%	1.03680%
(57) Details relating to Bullet Loan Tranches:	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable
(a) Bullet Repayment Date:	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date occurring in October 2014
(b) Relevant Accumulation Amount:	£1,650,000,000	£1,650,000,000	£675,375,000
(58) Details relating to Scheduled Amortisation Loan Tranches:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(59) Details relating to Pass-Through Loan Tranches:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(60) Final Repayment Date:	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042	The Funding 2 Interest Payment Date falling in July 2042
(61) Loan Payment Dates:	The Bullet Repayment Date	The Bullet Repayment Date	The Bullet Repayment Date
(62) Details relating to Subordinated Loan Tranches:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(63) Details relating to Start-up Loan Tranches:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Interests of natural and legal persons involved in the issue:**

*J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd. (or its affiliates), in its capacity as purchaser of £1,250,000,000 of the Series 2 Class A Notes and as securities lending counterparty with respect to the Series 1 Class A Notes, may exercise voting rights in respect of the Notes held by it in a manner that may be prejudicial to other Noteholders.*

*Save as discussed in these Final Terms (including item 39), so far as the issuing entity is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer.*



### **Use of proceeds**

The gross proceeds from the issue of the 2009-1 notes equal approximately £3,975,375,000 and (after exchanging, where applicable, the proceeds of the 2009-1 notes for sterling, calculated by reference to the applicable specified currency exchange rate) will be used by the issuing entity to make available rated loan tranches to Funding 2 pursuant to the terms of the master intercompany loan agreement. Funding 2 will use the gross proceeds of each rated loan tranche to pay the purchase price to the seller for the sale of part of its share in the trust property to Funding 2 on the closing date.

## Issuing Entity Swap Provider

Barclays Bank PLC is the issuing entity swap provider (the **Issuing Entity Swap Provider**) for the 2009-1 Series 3 Class A Notes.

Barclays Bank PLC is a public limited company registered in England and Wales under number 1026167. The liability of the members of Barclays Bank PLC is limited. It has its registered head office at 1 Churchill Place, London E14 5HP. Barclays Bank PLC was incorporated on 7 August 1925 under the Colonial Bank Act 1925 and on 4 October 1971 was registered as a company limited by shares under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1967. Pursuant to The Barclays Bank Act 1984, on 1 January 1985, Barclays Bank PLC was re-registered as a public limited company and its name was changed from "Barclays Bank International Limited" to "Barclays Bank PLC".

Barclays Bank PLC and its subsidiary undertakings (taken together, the "**group**") is a major global financial services provider engaged in retail and commercial banking, credit cards, investment banking, wealth management and investment management services. The whole of the issued ordinary share capital of Barclays Bank PLC is beneficially owned by Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the group.

The short-term unsecured obligations of Barclays Bank PLC are rated A-1+ by Standard & Poor's, P-1 by Moody's and F1+ by Fitch Ratings Limited and the long-term obligations of Barclays Bank PLC are rated AA- by Standard & Poor's, Aa3 by Moody's and AA- by Fitch Ratings Limited.

Based on the Group's audited financial information for the year ended 31 December 2008, the Group had total assets of £2,053,029 million (2007: £1,227,583 million), total net loans and advances<sup>1</sup> of £509,522 million (2007: £385,518 million), total deposits<sup>2</sup> of £450,443 million (2007: £386,395 million), and total shareholders' equity of £43,574 million (2007: £31,821 million) (including minority interests of £2,372 million (2007: £1,949 million)). The profit before tax of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2008 was £6,035 million (2007: £7,107 million) after impairment charges on loans and advances and other credit provisions of £5,419 million (2007: £2,795 million). The financial information in this paragraph is extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group contained in the Barclays Bank PLC Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Based on the Group's unaudited financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2009, the Group had total assets of £1,545,528 million total net loans and advances<sup>3</sup> of £464,748 million, total deposits<sup>4</sup> of £424,908 million and total shareholders' equity of £48,846 million (including minority interests of £2,533 million). The profit before tax of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2009 was £2,965 million after impairment charges and other credit provisions of £4,556 million. The financial information in this paragraph is extracted from the unaudited Interim Results Announcement of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2009.

The annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended 31 December 2008 of Barclays PLC and Barclays Bank PLC is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and Barclays will provide, without charge to each person to whom this base prospectus is delivered, on the request of that person, a copy of such Form 20-F. Written requests should be directed to: Barclays Bank PLC, 1 Churchill Place, London E14 5HP, England, Attention: Barclays Group Corporate Secretariat.

<sup>1</sup> Total net loans and advances include balances relating to both bank and customer accounts.

<sup>2</sup> Total deposits include deposits from bank and customer accounts.

<sup>3</sup> Total net loans and advances include balances relating to both bank and customer accounts.

<sup>4</sup> Total deposits include deposits from bank and customer accounts.

## Maturity Purchaser

Lloyds TSB Bank plc (**Lloyds TSB Bank**) is the maturity purchaser (the **Maturity Purchaser**) for the issue of the Class A Series 2009-1 Notes being Maturity Purchase Notes. Lloyds TSB Bank and its subsidiary undertakings (**Lloyds TSB Bank Group**) is a leading UK-based financial services group providing a wide range of banking and financial services, primarily in the UK, to personal and corporate customers. Its main business activities are retail, commercial and corporate banking, general insurance, and life, pensions and investment provision. The history of Lloyds TSB Bank Group can be traced back to the 18th century when the banking partnership of Taylors and Lloyds was established in Birmingham, England. Lloyds Bank Plc was incorporated in 1865 and during the late 19th and early 20th centuries entered into a number of acquisitions and mergers, significantly increasing the number of banking offices in the UK. In 1995, Lloyds TSB Bank Group continued to expand with the acquisition of Cheltenham and Gloucester Building Society (C&G). TSB Group plc became operational in 1986 when, following UK Government legislation, the operations of four Trustee Savings Banks and other related companies were transferred to TSB Group plc and its new banking subsidiaries. By 1995, the TSB Group had, either through organic growth or acquisition, developed life and general insurance operations, investment management activities, and a motor vehicle hire purchase and leasing operation to supplement its retail banking activities. In 1995, TSB Group plc merged with Lloyds Bank Plc. Under the terms of the merger, the TSB and Lloyds Bank groups were combined under TSB Group plc, which was renamed Lloyds TSB Group plc and with Lloyds Bank Plc, which was subsequently re-named Lloyds TSB Bank plc, the principal subsidiary. In 1999, the businesses, assets and liabilities of TSB Bank plc, the principal banking subsidiary of TSB Group prior to the merger, and its subsidiary Hill Samuel Bank Limited were vested in the Bank, and in 2000, the Bank acquired Scottish Widows. In addition to already being one of the leading providers of banking services in the UK, this transaction also positioned Lloyds TSB Bank Group as one of the leading providers of long-term savings and protection products in the UK.

On 18 September 2008, with the support of the UK Government, the boards of Lloyds TSB Group plc and HBOS plc announced that they had reached agreement on the terms of a recommended acquisition by Lloyds TSB Group plc of HBOS plc. The shareholders of Lloyds TSB Group plc approved the acquisition at the company's general meeting on 19 November 2008 and the acquisition was completed on 16 January 2009. Following the acquisition, Lloyds TSB Group plc changed its name to Lloyds Banking Group plc and operates its business through the Lloyds TSB Bank Group and the HBOS plc group of companies. Lloyds TSB Bank Group now comprises the Lloyds TSB brand along with C&G, a major mortgage brand in the UK, and Scottish Widows, one of the UK's largest providers of life, pensions and investment products.

The Lloyds TSB Bank's registered office is at 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN. Lloyds TSB Bank, together with HBOS plc and Bank of Scotland are wholly owned subsidiaries of Lloyds Banking Group plc.

The short term senior unsecured and unguaranteed obligations of Lloyds TSB Bank are currently rated P-1 by Moody's, A-1 by S&P and F1+ by Fitch and the long-term senior, unsecured and unguaranteed obligations of the Bank are currently rated Aa3 by Moody's, A+ by S&P and AA- by Fitch.

Following a placing and open offer by Lloyds TSB Group plc and a placing and open offer by HBOS plc, both in November 2008, Her Majesty's Treasury (**HM Treasury**) owns 43.4 per cent. of the ordinary share capital of Lloyds Banking Group plc. In January 2009, Lloyds Banking Group plc issued preference shares to HM Treasury (**Preference Shares**). In June 2009, following completion of a successful placing and open offer by Lloyds Banking Group plc in May 2009, the Preference Shares were redeemed in accordance with their terms.

Debt securities issued by the Maturity Purchaser are listed on the London Stock Exchange.

Hard copies of the audited financial statements and accompanying notes of the Maturity Purchaser will be sent to those investors who have requested them. Such requests can be made by contacting Investor Relations, Lloyds Banking Group plc, 25 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7HN.

## Currency Presentation

Unless otherwise stated in these Final Terms, any translations of pounds sterling into US dollars have been made at the rate of £1.00 = US\$1.6266 which was the closing buying rate in the City of New York for cable transfers in dollars per £1.00 as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on 18 September 2009. Use of this rate does not mean that sterling amounts actually represent those US dollar amounts or could be converted into US dollars at that rate at any particular time.

### Sterling/US dollar exchange rate history

	Years ended 31 December							
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Last<sup>(1)</sup></b>	1.4593	1.9850	1.9588	1.7230	1.9181	1.7858	1.6100	1.4546
<b>Average<sup>(2)</sup></b>	1.8524	2.0019	1.8436	1.8196	1.8334	1.6358	1.5038	1.4407
<b>High</b>	2.0335	2.1075	1.9816	1.9291	1.9467	1.7858	1.6100	1.5038
<b>Low</b>	1.4392	1.9205	1.7199	1.7142	1.7559	1.5541	1.4082	1.3727

**Notes:**

<sup>(1)</sup> The closing exchange rate on the last operating business day of each of the periods indicated, years commencing from 1 January or the next operating business day.

<sup>(2)</sup> Average daily exchange rate during the period.

Source: Bloomberg BNG (New York) - Close of Business Mid Price

Unless otherwise stated in these Final Terms, any translations of pounds sterling into euro have been made at the rate of €1.00 = £1.1062 which was the closing buying rate in the City of New York for cable transfers in pounds sterling per €1.00 as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on 18 September 2009. Use of this rate does not mean that pound sterling amounts actually represent those euro amounts or could be converted into euro at that rate at any particular time.

### Euro/sterling exchange rate history

	Years ended 31 December							
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Last<sup>(1)</sup></b>	0.9548	0.7350	0.6737	0.6877	0.7066	0.7058	0.6517	0.6110
<b>Average<sup>(2)</sup></b>	0.7374	0.6846	0.6818	0.6838	0.6786	0.6922	0.6288	0.6218
<b>High</b>	0.9757	0.7378	0.7007	0.7071	0.7092	0.7247	0.6538	0.6434
<b>Low</b>	0.7346	0.6553	0.6683	0.6628	0.6567	0.6471	0.6089	0.5961

**Notes:**

<sup>(1)</sup> The closing exchange rate on the last operating business day of each of the periods indicated, years commencing from 1 January or the next operating business day.

<sup>(2)</sup> Average daily exchange rate during the period.

Source: Bloomberg BNG (New York) - Close of Business Mid Price

### Notes issued by issuing entity and rated loan tranches advanced to Funding 2 in connection therewith

As of the closing date, the aggregate principal amount outstanding of notes issued by the issuing entity (converted, where applicable, into sterling at the applicable specified currency exchange rate), including the issue of the 2009-1 notes described herein, will be as follows:

£18,168,255,000

As of the closing date, the aggregate outstanding principal balance of rated loan tranches advanced by the issuing entity to Funding 2 under the master intercompany loan agreement, including the rated loan tranches described herein, will be as follows:

£18,168,255,000

**Notes issued by Funding 1 issuing entities and term advances made by Funding 1 issuing entities in connection therewith**

As of the closing date, the aggregate principal amount outstanding of notes previously issued by the Funding 1 issuing entities (converted, where applicable, into sterling at the applicable currency exchange rate), will be as follows:

£13,911,269,500

As of the closing date, the aggregate outstanding balance of the term advances previously made by the Funding 1 issuing entities to Funding 1 will be as follows:

£13,911,269,500

**Funding 2 start-up loan and previous Funding 2 start-up loans**

The Funding 2 start-up loan to be made available to Funding 2 on the closing date in connection with the 2009-1 notes will have the following terms.

<b>Funding 2 start-up loan provider:</b>	Bank of Scotland
<b>Initial outstanding principal balance:</b>	£1,615,000,000
<b>Interest rate:</b>	Three-month sterling LIBOR plus 0.25% per annum

The following start-up loans have been made available to Funding 2 by Halifax (then in its capacity as the Funding 2 start-up loan provider) in connection with the issues of notes set out below for the stated current outstanding principal balance and interest rate. Halifax's rights under the start-up loans were transferred to Bank of Scotland on 17 September 2007 pursuant to the HBOS Group Reorganisation Act 2006.

<b>Issue</b>	<b>Current outstanding principal balance</b>	<b>Interest Rate</b>
2006-1	£79,595,127.59	Three-month sterling LIBOR plus 0.25% per annum
2007-1	£63,070,673.99	Three-month sterling LIBOR plus 0.25% per annum
2008-1	£140,231,579.39	Three-month sterling LIBOR plus 0.25% per annum
2008-2	£802,547.22	Three-month sterling LIBOR plus 0.25% per annum

**Funding 1 start-up loan and previous Funding 1 start-up loans**

The Funding 1 start-up loan to be made available to Funding 1 on the closing date in connection with the 2009-1 notes will have the following terms.

<b>Funding 1 start-up loan provider:</b>	Bank of Scotland
<b>Initial outstanding principal balance:</b>	£530,000,000
<b>Interest rate:</b>	Three-month sterling LIBOR plus 0.25% per annum

The following start-up loans have been made available to Funding 1 by Halifax (then in its capacity as the start-up loan provider) in connection with the notes of the Funding 1 issuing entities set out below, for the stated current outstanding principal balance and interest rate. Halifax's rights under the start-up loans were transferred to Bank of Scotland on 17 September 2007 pursuant to the HBOS Group Reorganisation Act 2006.

<b>Funding 1 issuing entity</b>	<b>Current outstanding principal balance</b>
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Permanent Financing (No.1) Plc	£31,998,635.69
Permanent Financing (No.2) Plc	£32,298,338.00
Permanent Financing (No.3) Plc	£14,002,428.61
Permanent Financing (No.4) Plc	£28,667,873.84
Permanent Financing (No.5) Plc	£16,564,882.72
Permanent Financing (No.6) Plc	£2,451,516.75
Permanent Financing (No.7) Plc	£35,039,636.90
Permanent Financing (No.8) Plc	£15,435,309.96
Permanent Financing (No.9) Plc	£2,417,509.73

#### **Issuing entity start-up loan**

No issuing entity start-up loans will be made available to the issuing entity by the issuing entity start-up loan provider on the closing date in connection with the 2009-1 notes.

#### **Issuing entity subordinated loan**

No issuing entity subordinated loan has been advanced to the issuing entity as at the date hereof and no issuing entity subordinated loan will be advanced to the issuing entity on the closing date.

#### **Mortgages trust and the portfolio**

Material information with respect to the loans expected to be in the mortgages trust at the closing date is set out in "**Statistical information on the portfolio**" below.

In addition:

- the minimum seller share will be approximately £4,354,000,000;
- the Funding 1 share will be approximately £13,590,000,000, representing approximately 33.2% per cent. of the trust property;
- the Funding 2 share will be approximately £16,187,000,000, representing approximately 39.5% per cent. of the trust property; and
- the seller share will be approximately £11,173,000,000, representing approximately 27.3% per cent. of the trust property.

The actual amounts of the Funding 1 share, the Funding 2 share and the seller share of the trust property as at the closing date will not be determined until the closing date, which will be after the date of these Final Terms.

For the purposes of paragraph (d) of the definition of **non-asset trigger event**, the aggregate outstanding balance of loans comprising the trust property must from the period up to (but excluding) the interest payment date in April 2011 be at least £35,000,000,000. See "**The mortgages trust – Cash management of trust property – distribution of principal receipts to Funding 2**" in the base prospectus.

For the purposes of paragraph (c) of the definition of **product switch** (See "**Sale of loans and their related security – Product switches**" in the base prospectus) any variation to the maturity date of a loan must not extend beyond June 2040 while any rated loan tranche under the master intercompany loan is outstanding.

The Funding 2 reserve required amount will be, as at the closing date, £1,496,900,000.

### Maturity and prepayment considerations

The average lives of any series and class of the 2009-1 notes cannot be stated, as the actual rate of repayment of the loans and redemption of the mortgages and a number of other relevant factors are unknown. However, calculations of the possible average lives of each series and class of the 2009-1 notes can be made based on certain assumptions. The assumptions used to calculate the possible average lives of each series and class of the 2009-1 notes in the following table include that:

- (1) neither the issuing entity security nor the Funding 2 security has been enforced;
- (2) the seller is not in breach of the terms of the mortgage sale agreement;
- (3) the seller sells no new loans to the mortgages trustee after the closing date and the loans are assumed to amortise in accordance with the assumed constant payment rate indicated in the table below (subject to assumption (4) below);
- (4) the seller sells to the mortgages trustee sufficient new loans and their related security in the period up to (but excluding) the interest payment date in April 2011, such that the aggregate principal amount outstanding of loans in the portfolio at any time is not less than £35,000,000,000 or such higher amount as may be required to be maintained as a result of any new Funding 1 issuing entities providing new term advances to Funding 1 and/or the issuing entity advancing new rated loan tranches or subordinated loan tranches to Funding 2 which Funding 1 and/or Funding 2, as the case may be, uses to pay to the seller and/or Funding 1 or Funding 2, as the case may be, for an increase in its share of the trust property and/or to pay the seller for the sale of new loans to the mortgages trustee;
- (5) neither an asset trigger event nor a non-asset trigger event occurs;
- (6) no event occurs that would cause payments on scheduled amortisation loan tranches or pass-through loan tranches to be deferred (unless such advances are deferred in accordance with Rule (1) (C) or Rule (1) (D) as set out in “Cashflows – Rule (1) – Repayment deferrals” in the base prospectus);
- (7) the annualised CPR as at the closing date is assumed to be the same as the various assumed rates in the table below;
- (8) there is a balance of £1,352,624,200 in the Funding 2 cash accumulation ledger at the closing date and a balance of £748,413,922 in the Funding 1 cash accumulation ledger at the closing date;
- (9) the issuing entity exercises its option to redeem the 2009-1 notes on the step-up date, relating to the 2009-1 notes; and
- (10) the closing date is 29 September 2009.

### CPR and possible average lives of each series and class of issue 2009-1 notes (in years)

Based upon the foregoing assumptions, the approximate average life in years of each series and class of issue 2009-1 notes, at various assumed rates of repayment of the loans, would be as follows:

	series 1 class A notes	series 2 class A notes	series 3 class A notes
Constant payment rate <sup>(1)</sup> (per annum)			
5 per cent .....	5.05	5.05	5.05
10 per cent.....	5.05	5.05	5.05
15 per cent.....	5.05	5.05	5.05
20 per cent.....	5.05	5.05	5.05
25 per cent.....	5.05	5.05	5.05
30 per cent.....	5.05	5.05	5.05
35 per cent.....	5.05	5.05	5.05

(1) Includes both scheduled and unscheduled payments.

Assumptions (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (9) and (10) relate to circumstances which are not predictable. No assurance can be given that the issuing entity will be in a position to redeem the 2009–1 notes on the step-up date. If the issuing entity does not so exercise its option to redeem, then the average lives of the then outstanding 2009-1 notes would be extended.

The average lives of the 2009–1 notes are subject to factors largely outside the control of the issuing entity and consequently no assurance can be given that these assumptions and estimates will prove in any way to be realistic and they must therefore be viewed with considerable caution. For more information in relation to the risks involved in the use of these estimated average lives, see **“Risk factors – The yield to maturity of the notes may be adversely affected by prepayments or redemptions on the loans”** in the base prospectus.



## Statistical information on the portfolio

### The cut-off date mortgage portfolio

For the purposes of this section entitled “**Statistical information on the portfolio**”, all references to “portfolio”, unless the context otherwise requires, include the loans and their related security currently comprising the mortgages trust and the new loans and their related security expected to be sold to the mortgages trustee on the closing date.

The statistical and other information contained in these Final Terms has been compiled by reference to the loans in the portfolio as at the cut-off date that, subject as provided, are expected to indirectly secure the 2009-1 notes and all other notes of the issuing entity and the Funding 1 issuing entities as at 9 June 2009 (the **cut-off date**). Columns stating percentage amounts may not add up to 100% due to rounding. The loans in the mortgages trust are selected on the basis of the seller's selection criteria for inclusion in the mortgages trust. The material aspects of the seller's lending criteria are described under “**The loans – Underwriting –**” and “**The loans – Lending criteria**” in the base prospectus. Standardised credit scoring is not used in the UK mortgage market. For an indication of the credit quality of borrowers in respect of the loans, investors may refer to such lending criteria and to the historical performance of the loans in the mortgages trust as set forth in these Final Terms. One significant indicator of obligor credit quality is arrears and losses. The information presented under “**Delinquency and loss experience of the portfolio (including loans which previously formed part of the portfolio)**” on page 26 in these Final Terms reflects the arrears and repossession experience for loans in the expected portfolio as at the cut-off date, including loans that were contained in the portfolio since the inception of the mortgages trust. All of the loans in the table were originated by Halifax or by Bank of Scotland under the “Halifax” brand (the **Halifax loans**), but not all of the loans form part of the portfolio. It is not expected that the characteristics of the portfolio as at the closing date will differ materially from the characteristics of the portfolio as at the cut-off date. Except as otherwise indicated, these tables have been prepared using the current balance as at the cut-off date, which includes all principal and accrued interest for the loans in the portfolio.

The expected portfolio as at the cut-off date consisted of 513,619 mortgage accounts, comprising loans originated by Halifax and secured over properties located in England, Wales and Scotland and having an aggregate outstanding principal balance of £43,242,016,260.55 as at that date. The loans in the expected portfolio as at the cut-off date were originated between 1 February 1996 and 31 March 2009.

As at 1 September 2009, HVR 1 was 3.5% per annum, HVR 2 was 3.4% per annum and the Halifax flexible variable rate was 3.4% per annum.

Approximately 1.84% of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the loans in the portfolio as at the cut-off date were extended to the relevant borrowers in connection with the purchase by those borrowers of properties from local authorities or certain other landlords under the **right-to-buy** schemes governed by the Housing Act 1985 (as amended by the Housing Act 2004) or (as applicable) the Housing (Scotland) Act 1987 (as amended by the Housing (Scotland) Act 2001).

#### Outstanding balances as at the cut-off date

The following table shows the range of outstanding mortgage account balances (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date.

Range of outstanding balances as at the cut-off date*	Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)	% of total	Number of mortgage accounts	% of total
£0 – £24,999.99 .....	£1,171,372,144.89	2.71%	88,347	17.20%
£25,000 – £49,999.99 .....	£4,001,221,428.85	9.25%	107,868	21.00%
£50,000 – £74,999.99 .....	£5,492,726,808.59	12.70%	88,435	17.22%
£75,000 – £99,999.99 .....	£6,076,694,325.40	14.05%	69,959	13.62%
£100,000 – £124,999.99 .....	£5,703,694,758.56	13.19%	51,035	9.94%
£125,000 – £149,999.99 .....	£4,821,677,296.42	11.15%	35,284	6.87%

£150,000 – £174,999.99 .....	£3,776,055,041.03	8.73%	23,398	4.56%
£175,000 – £199,999.99 .....	£2,801,960,661.71	6.48%	15,014	2.92%
£200,000 – £224,999.99 .....	£2,149,728,856.23	4.97%	10,167	1.98%
£225,000 – £249,999.99 .....	£1,599,054,926.77	3.70%	6,758	1.32%
£250,000 – £299,999.99 .....	£2,115,632,117.93	4.89%	7,773	1.51%
£300,000 – £349,999.99 .....	£1,408,010,390.53	3.26%	4,377	0.85%
£350,000 – £399,999.99 .....	£943,442,066.26	2.18%	2,533	0.49%
£400,000 – £449,999.99 .....	£688,059,108.89	1.59%	1,629	0.32%
£450,000 – £499,999.99 .....	£489,072,176.61	1.13%	1,035	0.20%
£500,000+ .....	£3,614,151.88	0.01%	7	0.00%
Totals .....	<u>£43,242,016,260.55</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>513,619</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

\* Including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees.

The largest mortgage account (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) had an outstanding current balance as at the cut-off date of £587,459.98 and the smallest mortgage account had an outstanding current balance as at the cut-off date of £0.01. The weighted average current balance (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date was approximately £144,039.57.

### LTV ratios at origination

The following table shows the range of LTV ratios, which express the outstanding balance of the aggregate of loans in a mortgage account (excluding capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the date of the initial loan origination divided by the value of the property securing the loans in that mortgage account at the same date. The seller has not revalued any of the mortgaged properties since the date of the origination of the related loan other than where an additional lending has been applied for or advanced on an account since origination, in which case the original valuation may have been updated with a more recent valuation. Where this is the case, this revised valuation has been used in formulating this data.

<b>Range of LTV ratios at origination*</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance at origination (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
0% – 24.99% .....	£2,378,797,206.00	5.00%	60,668	11.81%
25% – 49.99% .....	£12,093,608,557.48	25.44%	174,944	34.06%
50% – 74.99% .....	£18,443,400,122.00	38.80%	162,457	31.63%
75% – 79.99% .....	£3,660,564,212.00	7.70%	27,228	5.30%
80% – 84.99% .....	£3,116,985,091.00	6.56%	23,080	4.49%
85% – 89.99% .....	£3,180,012,265.00	6.69%	23,965	4.67%
90% – 94.99% .....	£2,848,266,238.00	5.99%	23,172	4.51%
95% – 96.99% .....	£965,588,940.00	2.03%	10,654	2.07%
97% .....	£446,532,225.00	0.94%	5,102	0.99%
97%+ .....	£398,602,370.00	0.84%	2,349	0.46%
Totals .....	<u>£47,532,357,226.48</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>513,619</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

\* Excluding capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees.

The weighted average LTV ratio of the mortgage accounts (excluding any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) at origination was 61.68%. The highest LTV ratio of any mortgage account (excluding any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) at origination was 125.00% and the lowest was 0.17% .

## Cut-off date LTV ratios

The following table shows the range of LTV ratios, which express the outstanding balance of the aggregate of loans in a mortgage account (including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date divided by the indexed valuation of the property securing the loans in that mortgage account at the same date.

<b>Range of LTV ratios as at the cut-off date*</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
0% – 24.99% .....	£2,810,734,091.35	6.50%	116,484	22.68%
25% – 49.99% .....	£9,056,212,361.65	20.94%	147,972	28.81%
50% – 74.99% .....	£12,415,146,772.53	28.71%	117,680	22.91%
75% – 79.99% .....	£2,953,308,615.80	6.83%	22,582	4.40%
80% – 84.99% .....	£2,950,675,990.36	6.82%	21,283	4.14%
85% – 89.99% .....	£2,780,788,563.90	6.43%	19,656	3.83%
90% – 94.99% .....	£2,876,070,852.99	6.65%	20,020	3.90%
95% – 99.99% .....	£2,813,176,788.11	6.51%	19,051	3.71%
100% - 104.99% .....	£1,761,456,336.33	4.07%	11,545	2.25%
105% - 109.99% .....	£1,242,867,086.28	2.87%	7,954	1.55%
110% - 114.99% .....	£843,198,402.88	1.95%	5,207	1.01%
115% - 119.99% .....	£463,531,396.32	1.07%	2,703	0.53%
120% - 124.99% .....	£227,597,690.66	0.53%	1,217	0.24%
125%+ .....	£47,251,311.40	0.11%	265	0.05%
<b>Totals .....</b>	<b>£43,242,016,260.55</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>513,619</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

\* Including capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees.

The weighted average LTV ratio of the mortgage accounts (including any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) as at the cut-off date was 67.83% . The highest LTV ratio of any mortgage account (including any capitalised interest, capitalised high LTV fees, insurance fees, booking fees and valuation fees) was 171.98% and the lowest was 0.00%.

## Geographical distribution

The following table shows the distribution of properties securing the loans throughout England, Wales and Scotland as at the cut-off date. No such properties are situated outside England, Wales or Scotland. The seller's lending criteria and current credit scoring tests do not take into account the geographical location of the property securing a loan.

<b>Regions</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
London & South East .....	£12,990,398,133.96	30.04%	103,269	20.11%
Midlands & East Anglia .....	£9,240,144,900.81	21.37%	110,397	21.49%
North .....	£5,757,111,526.71	13.31%	91,380	17.79%
North West .....	£4,907,564,809.65	11.35%	73,914	14.39%
Scotland .....	£4,200,732,779.71	9.71%	63,345	12.33%
South Wales & West .....	£6,098,994,451.18	14.10%	70,939	13.81%
Other* .....	£47,069,658.53	0.11%	375	0.07%
<b>Totals .....</b>	<b>£43,242,016,260.55</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>513,619</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

\* Where the postal code for the relevant property has not yet been allocated or is not shown in the seller's records.

## Seasoning of loans

The following table shows the number of months since the date of origination of the initial loan in a mortgage account as at the cut-off date.

<b>Forecasted age of loans in months as at expected closing date</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
0 to <6 .....	£1,471,728,714.84	3.40%	12,672	2.47%
6 to <12 .....	£4,119,421,766.08	9.53%	32,321	6.29%
12 to <18 .....	£1,199,151,132.61	2.77%	8,763	1.71%
18 to <24 .....	£4,071,234,751.15	9.41%	29,255	5.70%
24 to <30 .....	£5,376,017,784.11	12.43%	41,834	8.14%
30 to <36 .....	£3,068,732,091.42	7.10%	28,154	5.48%
36 to <42 .....	£2,920,357,385.91	6.75%	30,551	5.95%
42 to <48 .....	£2,691,499,605.69	6.22%	27,968	5.45%
48 to <54 .....	£2,291,523,363.50	5.30%	27,601	5.37%
54 to <60 .....	£3,180,158,899.52	7.35%	38,068	7.41%
60 to <66 .....	£2,276,911,828.46	5.27%	29,472	5.74%
66 to <72 .....	£2,314,074,964.96	5.35%	30,838	6.00%
72+ .....	£8,261,203,972.30	19.10%	176,122	34.29%
<b>Totals .....</b>	<b>£43,242,016,260.55</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>513,619</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

The forecasted maximum, minimum and weighted average seasoning of loans as at the cut-off date will be 160.09, 2.29 and 47.45 months, respectively.

## Years to maturity of loans

The following table shows the number of remaining years of the term of the initial loan in a mortgage account as at the cut-off date.

<b>Years to maturity</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
<5 .....	£1,445,006,253.82	3.34%	48,107	9.37%
5 to <10 .....	£4,039,069,825.81	9.34%	77,177	15.03%
10 to <15 .....	£6,811,793,027.27	15.75%	98,561	19.19%
15 to <20 .....	£12,675,356,104.81	29.31%	139,692	27.20%
20 to <25 .....	£14,236,068,951.95	32.92%	114,042	22.20%
25 to <30 .....	£3,828,902,218.31	8.85%	33,567	6.54%
30 + .....	£205,819,878.58	0.48%	2,473	0.48%
<b>Totals .....</b>	<b>£43,242,016,260.55</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>513,619</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

The maximum, minimum and weighted average remaining term of the loans as at the cut-off date was 39.92, 0.00 and 17.96 years, respectively.

## Purpose of loan

The following table shows whether the purpose of the initial loan in a mortgage account on origination was to finance the purchase of a new property or to remortgage a property already owned by the borrower.

<b>Use of proceeds</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage</b>	<b>% of total</b>
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	<b>balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>		<b>accounts</b>	
Purchase .....	£26,594,404,811.72	61.50%	329,642	64.18%
Remortgage.....	£16,647,611,448.83	38.50%	183,977	35.82%
Totals .....	<u>£43,242,016,260.55</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>513,619</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

As at the cut-off date, the weighted average balance of loans used to finance the purchase of a new property was £138,804.60 and the weighted average balance of loans used to remortgage a property already owned by the borrower was £152,402.38.

### Property type

The following table shows the types of properties to which the mortgage accounts relate.

<b>Property type</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
Detached .....	£12,659,447,184.10	29.28%	119,403	23.25%
Semi-detached.....	£12,843,990,365.11	29.70%	170,236	33.14%
Terraced.....	£12,143,838,664.47	28.08%	163,283	31.79%
Other* .....	£5,594,740,046.87	12.94%	60,697	11.82%
Totals .....	<u>£43,242,016,260.55</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>513,619</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

\* Primarily flats or maisonettes.

As at the cut-off date, the weighted average balance of loans secured by detached, semi-detached and terraced was £180,528.36, £124,487.90 and £124,149.29, respectively.

### Origination channel

The following table shows the origination channel for the initial loan in a mortgage account.

<b>Origination channel</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
Direct origination.....	£17,611,822,338.04	40.73%	254,511	49.55%
Intermediaries.....	£25,561,390,140.51	59.11%	257,437	50.12%
Other channels .....	£68,803,782.00	0.16%	1,671	0.33%
Totals .....	<u>£43,242,016,260.55</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>513,619</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

The direct origination includes Halifax estate agency branches, direct internet applications and telephone sales.

As at the cut-off date, the weighted average balance of loans originated through direct origination, intermediaries and other channels was £117,229.47, £162,672.40 and £84,356.57, respectively.

### Repayment terms

The following table shows the repayment terms for the loans in the mortgage accounts as at the cut-off date. Where any loan in a mortgage account is interest-only, then that entire mortgage account is classified as interest-only.



Fixed rate loans remain at the relevant fixed rate for a period of time as specified in the offer conditions, after which they move to a variable base rate or some other rate as specified in the offer conditions.

<b>Fixed rate %</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total fixed rate holdings</b>
0 - 3.99 .....	£27,984,426.46	0.12%	6,061	2.63%
4 - 4.99 .....	£2,464,290,177.87	10.92%	19,914	8.64%
5 - 5.99 .....	£15,186,947,494.37	67.29%	145,514	63.14%
6 - 6.99 .....	£4,636,584,183.88	20.54%	54,994	23.86%
7+ .....	£254,039,525.20	1.13%	3,977	1.73%
<b>Totals .....</b>	<b>£22,569,845,807.78</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>230,460</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

<b>Year in which current fixed rate period ends</b>	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total fixed rate holdings</b>
2009 .....	£8,243,554,967.18	36.52%	69,315	30.08%
2010 .....	£3,447,038,779.83	15.27%	37,692	16.36%
2011 .....	£6,083,673,637.39	26.95%	61,585	26.72%
2012 .....	£2,228,644,596.31	9.87%	26,223	11.38%
2013 .....	£1,125,022,614.73	4.98%	11,658	5.06%
2014 .....	£724,615,087.43	3.21%	8,023	3.48%
2015 .....	£124,299,692.52	0.55%	2,305	1.00%
2016 .....	£111,731,986.75	0.50%	1,525	0.66%
2017 .....	£258,567,082.41	1.15%	3,697	1.60%
2018 .....	£180,788,130.26	0.80%	2,192	0.95%
2019+ .....	£41,909,232.98	0.19%	6,245	2.71%
<b>Totals .....</b>	<b>£22,569,845,807.78</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>230,460</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### MIG policies

The following table shows the percentage of mortgage accounts as at the cut-off date the initial loans under which were subject to MIG policies arranged at the time the loan was originated.

	<b>Aggregate outstanding balance as at the cut-off date (£)</b>	<b>% of total</b>	<b>Number of mortgage accounts</b>	<b>% of total</b>
MIG policy .....	£171,949,736.98	0.40%	3,775	0.73%

### Payment rate analysis

The following table shows the annualised payment rate for the most recent one-month, three-month and 12-month period for the mortgage accounts in the portfolio.

<b>As of month-end</b>	<b>one-month annualised</b>	<b>three-month annualised</b>	<b>12-month annualised</b>
July 2009	25.55%	17.02%	20.26%

In the table above,

- one-month annualised CPR is calculated as  $1 - ((1 - R) ^ 12)$ ,

- three-month annualised CPR is calculated as the average of the one-month annualised CPR for the most recent three months, and
- 12-month annualised CPR is calculated as the average of the one-month annualised CPR for the most recent 12 months,

where in each case R is (i) total principal receipts received plus the principal balance of loans repurchased by the seller (primarily due to further advances) during the relevant period, divided by (ii) the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the loans in the portfolio as at the start of that period.

**Delinquency and loss experience of the portfolio (including loans which previously formed part of the portfolio)**

Since the establishment of the mortgages trust, total losses on loans in the portfolio (including loans which previously formed part of the portfolio) were £51,615,276.41 as at 31 July 2009.

The following table summarises loans in arrears and repossession experience for loans in the portfolio (including loans which previously formed part of the portfolio) as at the cut-off date. All of the loans in the table were originated by Halifax or by Bank of Scotland under the "Halifax" brand. Bank of Scotland services all of the Halifax loans.

Bank of Scotland identifies a loan as being in arrears where an amount equal to or greater than a full month's contractual payment is past its due date. Bank of Scotland does not define a loan as defaulted at any particular delinquency level, but rather at the time it takes the related property into possession. Bank of Scotland does not write off a loan as uncollectible until it disposes of the property relating to that loan following default.



**Loans in the portfolio (including loans which previously formed part of the portfolio) as at 31 July 2009**

	<u>31 Jan 05</u>	<u>31 Jan 06</u>	<u>31 Jan 07</u>	<u>31 Jan 08</u>	<u>31 Jan 09</u>	<u>31 Jul 09</u>
	(£)	(£)	(£)	(£)	(£)	(£)
Outstanding balance (£) .....	31,850,058,274.67	40,048,224,252.99	48,395,599,111.47	46,475,869,694.71	45,030,299,026.03	42,183,109,122.97
Number of loans outstanding .....	496,443	569,055	630,102	573,077	533,170	503,565
<b>Outstanding balance of loans in arrears (£)</b>						
1 – <2 months .....	357,138,578.39	494,121,561.32	519,037,081.06	541,375,411.59	535,613,850.36	543,922,409.31
2 – <3 months .....	84,206,819.90	159,312,581.38	158,413,504.47	182,524,692.99	228,658,600.11	197,338,728.61
3 – <6 months .....	72,328,766.91	196,956,850.13	231,220,993.16	242,225,444.11	319,513,832.20	326,082,007.26
6 – <12 months .....	29,193,505.21	102,968,188.11	144,298,454.14	162,100,363.41	234,689,488.58	288,643,633.59
12+ months .....	3,684,230.63	19,162,342.78	59,017,199.36	76,107,143.75	96,011,377.42	120,749,493.94
Total outstanding balance of loans in arrears .....	<u>546,551,901.04</u>	<u>972,521,523.72</u>	<u>1,111,987,232.19</u>	<u>1,204,333,055.85</u>	<u>1,414,487,148.67</u>	<u>1,476,736,272.71</u>
Total outstanding balance of loans in arrears as % of the outstanding balance .....	<u>1.7160%</u>	<u>2.4284%</u>	<u>2.2977%</u>	<u>2.5913%</u>	<u>3.1412%</u>	<u>3.5008%</u>
Outstanding balance of loans relating to properties in Possession .....	<u>1,669,763.45</u>	<u>6,387,795.62</u>	<u>20,433,920.36</u>	<u>31,467,372.39</u>	<u>54,268,966.80</u>	<u>37,610,047.68</u>
Outstanding balance of loans relating to properties sold during the period <sup>(1)</sup> .....	<u>1,254,308.92</u>	<u>6,442,615.46</u>	<u>41,257,721.73</u>	<u>69,393,383.85</u>	<u>116,376,778.98</u>	<u>81,711,406.56</u>
Net loss on sales of all repossessed properties <sup>(2)</sup> .....	<u>18,611.89</u>	<u>420,037.43</u>	<u>3,549,112.14</u>	<u>5,230,967.80</u>	<u>23,429,456.02</u>	<u>18,967,091.13</u>
Ratio of aggregate net losses to aggregate outstanding Balance of loans .....	<u>0.00006</u>	<u>0.00105</u>	<u>0.00733</u>	<u>0.01126</u>	<u>0.05203</u>	<u>0.04496</u>

	<u>31 Jan 05</u>	<u>31 Jan 06</u>	<u>31 Jan 07</u>	<u>31 Jan 08</u>	<u>31 Jan 09</u>	<u>31 Jul 09</u>
	(£)	(£)	(£)	(£)	(£)	(£)
Average net loss on all properties sold .....	886.28	6,000.53	10,287.28	9,832.65	27,531.68	31,247.27
<b>Number of loans outstanding in arrears</b>						
1 – <2 months.....	4,718	5,757	5,665	5,507	5,308	5,333
2 – <3 months.....	1,115	1,842	1,700	1,823	2,257	1,972
3 – <6 months.....	1,061	2,214	2,396	2,536	3,040	3,106
6 – <12 months.....	438	1,113	1,497	1,649	2,208	2,649
12+ months.....	70	243	544	686	858	1,084
Total number of loans outstanding in arrears.....	7,402	11,169	11,802	12,201	13,671	14,144
Total number of loans outstanding in arrears as % of the number of loans Outstanding .....	1.4910	1.9627	1.8730	2.1290	2.5641	2.8088
Number of properties in Possession.....	20	74	174	253	415	302
Number of properties sold during the period.....	21	70	345	532	851	607

- (1) Properties sold may relate to properties taken into possession in prior periods.  
(2) Net loss is net of recoveries in the current period on properties sold in prior periods.

There can be no assurance that the arrears experience with respect to the loans comprising the portfolio in the future will correspond to the experience of the portfolio as set forth in the foregoing table. If the property market experiences a further decline in property values so that the value of the properties in the portfolio falls or (in the case of properties which are currently below the principal balances of the relevant loan) remains, below the principal balances of the loans, the actual rates of arrears and losses could be significantly higher than those previously experienced, as borrowers may no longer be able to refinance their loans or sell their properties and move to more affordable properties. In addition, other adverse economic conditions, whether or not they affect property values, may nonetheless affect the timely payment by borrowers of principal and interest and, accordingly, the rates of arrears and losses with respect to the loans in the portfolio. Noteholders should observe that the United Kingdom experienced relatively low and stable interest rates during the periods covered in the preceding table. If interest rates were to rise, it is likely that the rate of arrears would rise.

In the late 1980s house prices rose substantially faster than inflation as housing turnover increased to record levels. This was at a time when the economy grew rapidly, which led to falling unemployment and relatively high rates of real income growth. These fed into higher demand for housing, and house prices rose rapidly. Demand was further increased by changes in taxation legislation with regard to tax relief on mortgage payments in 1988. When monetary policy was subsequently tightened (in terms of both “locking in” sterling to the European Exchange Rate Mechanism and higher interest rates), the pace of economic activity first slowed and then turned into recession. Rising unemployment combined with high interest rates led to a fall in housing demand and increased default rates and repossessions. The ability of borrowers to refinance was limited as house prices began to fall and many were in a position of negative equity (borrowings greater than the resale value of the property) in relation to their mortgages.

The level of mortgage arrears on the Halifax loans reduced following the recession in the United Kingdom in the early nineties. The introduction of the scorecard in judging applications – and thus reducing discretion –helped to keep the arrears level low, as did a healthy economic climate and low interest rates.

House price inflation has indirectly contributed to the improved arrears situation by enabling borrowers to sell at a profit if they encounter financial hardship.

The dislocation of financial markets in 2007 led to supply issues in the housing finance market while falling house prices and consumer confidence reduced demand for property. This has resulted in a reduced volume of gross and net lending in 2008 and 2009 compared to more recent previous years. Whilst the economy has slowed and unemployment has risen, interest rates have fallen to historically low levels, easing mortgage affordability. This easing of mortgage affordability combined with the use of the scorecard, referred to above, has meant that current arrears levels have not risen to the levels experienced in the early nineties.

Bank of Scotland regularly reviews its lending policies in the light of prevailing market conditions and reviews actions so as to mitigate possible problems. The performance of new business and the arrears profiles are continuously monitored in monthly reports. Any deterioration of the arrears level is investigated and the internal procedures are reviewed if necessary.

## Characteristics of the United Kingdom residential mortgage market

The UK housing market is primarily one of owner-occupied housing, with the remainder in some form of public, private landlord or social ownership. The mortgage market, whereby loans are provided for the purchase of a property and secured on that property, is the primary source of household borrowings in the United Kingdom.

Set out in the following tables are certain characteristics of the United Kingdom mortgage market.

### Industry CPR rates

In the following tables, quarterly industry constant repayment rate (**industry CPR**) data was calculated by dividing the amount of scheduled and unscheduled repayments of mortgages made by building societies in a quarter by the quarterly balance of mortgages outstanding for building societies in the United Kingdom. These quarterly repayment rates were then annualised using standard methodology.

<b>Quarter</b>	<b>Industry CPR rate for the quarter (%)</b>	<b>12-month rolling average (%)</b>	<b>Quarter</b>	<b>Industry CPR rate for the quarter (%)</b>	<b>12-month rolling average (%)</b>
March 1988.....	13.55	15.35	June 1988.....	16.03	15.64
September 1988.....	18.23	16.00	December 1988.....	12.60	15.10
March 1989.....	8.85	13.93	June 1989.....	13.04	13.18
September 1989.....	11.53	11.51	December 1989.....	10.38	10.95
March 1990.....	8.91	10.96	June 1990.....	9.37	10.05
September 1990.....	9.66	9.58	December 1990.....	10.58	9.63
March 1991.....	9.07	9.67	June 1991.....	10.69	10.00
September 1991.....	11.57	10.48	December 1991.....	10.24	10.39
March 1992.....	9.14	10.41	June 1992.....	9.12	10.02
September 1992.....	9.75	9.56	December 1992.....	7.96	8.99
March 1993.....	8.53	8.84	June 1993.....	9.97	9.05
September 1993.....	10.65	9.28	December 1993.....	10.01	9.79
March 1994.....	8.97	9.90	June 1994.....	10.48	10.03
September 1994.....	11.05	10.13	December 1994.....	10.68	10.29
March 1995.....	9.15	10.34	June 1995.....	10.51	10.35
September 1995.....	11.76	10.53	December 1995.....	11.61	10.76
March 1996.....	10.14	11.00	June 1996.....	11.32	11.21
September 1996.....	13.20	11.57	December 1996.....	12.58	11.81
March 1997.....	9.75	11.71	June 1997.....	15.05	12.65
September 1997.....	12.18	12.39	December 1997.....	11.17	12.04
March 1998.....	10.16	12.14	June 1998.....	12.05	11.39
September 1998.....	13.79	11.79	December 1998.....	13.44	12.36
March 1999.....	11.14	12.60	June 1999.....	14.39	13.19
September 1999.....	15.59	13.64	December 1999.....	14.94	14.02
March 2000.....	13.82	14.69	June 2000.....	13.86	14.55
September 2000.....	14.89	14.38	December 2000.....	15.55	14.53
March 2001.....	15.47	14.94	June 2001.....	17.36	15.81
September 2001.....	19.12	16.87	December 2001.....	19.01	17.74
March 2002.....	18.68	18.54	June 2002.....	19.88	19.17
September 2002.....	22.40	19.99	December 2002.....	22.16	20.78
March 2003.....	19.51	20.99	June 2003.....	20.18	21.06
September 2003.....	21.65	20.88	December 2003.....	21.33	20.67
March 2004.....	19.90	20.77	June 2004.....	21.42	21.07

<b>Quarter</b>	<b>Industry CPR rate for the quarter (%)</b>	<b>12- month rolling average (%)</b>	<b>Quarter</b>	<b>Industry CPR rate for the quarter (%)</b>	<b>12-month rolling average (%)</b>
September 2004 .....	21.41	21.01	December 2004.....	18.71	20.36
March 2005.....	17.76	19.83	June 2005.....	17.75	18.91
September 2005 .....	20.24	18.62	December 2005.....	20.36	19.03
March 2006.....	19.65	19.50	June 2006.....	19.37	19.90
September 2006 .....	21.25	20.16	December 2006.....	21.07	20.34
March 2007.....	19.57	20.32	June 2007.....	19.25	20.29
September 2007 .....	21.22	20.28	December 2007.....	18.63	19.67
March 2008.....	14.99	18.52	June 2008.....	16.79	17.91
September 2008 .....	15.63	16.51	December 2008.....	12.26	14.92
March 2009.....	11.66	14.08	June 2009	12.29	12.96

Source of repayment and outstanding mortgage information: Council of Mortgage Lenders and Bank of England

You should note that the CPR table above presents the historical CPR experience only of building societies in the United Kingdom. During the late 1990s, a number of former building societies (including the seller) converted stock to form UK banks and the CPR experience of these banks is therefore not included in the foregoing building society CPR data.

### Repossession rate

The table below sets out the repossession rate of residential properties in the United Kingdom since 1985.

<b>Year</b>	<b>Repossessions (%)</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>Repossessions (%)</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>Repossessions (%)</b>
1985 .....	0.25	1994 .....	0.47	2003.....	0.07
1986 .....	0.30	1995 .....	0.47	2004.....	0.07
1987 .....	0.32	1996 .....	0.40	2005.....	0.12
1988 .....	0.22	1997 .....	0.31	2006.....	0.18
1989 .....	0.17	1998 .....	0.31	2007.....	0.22
1990 .....	0.47	1999 .....	0.27	2008.....	0.34
1991 .....	0.77	2000 .....	0.20		
1992 .....	0.69	2001 .....	0.16		
1993 .....	0.58	2002 .....	0.11		

Source: Council of Mortgage Lenders

### House price to earnings ratio

The following table shows the ratio for each year of the average annual value of houses compared to the average annual salary in the United Kingdom. The average annual earnings figures are constructed using the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings referring to median gross weekly earnings in April of each year for those male employees whose earnings were not affected by their absence from work. While this is a good indication of house affordability, it does not take into account the fact that the majority of households have more than one income to support a mortgage loan.

<b>Year</b>	<b>House Price to Earnings Ratio</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>House Price to Earnings Ratio</b>
1994 .....	4.56	2002 .....	6.78
1995 .....	4.48	2003 .....	7.26
1996 .....	4.53	2004 .....	7.72

Year	House Price to Earnings Ratio	Year	House Price to Earnings Ratio
1997 .....	4.82	2005 .....	7.89
1998 .....	5.13	2006 .....	7.95
1999 .....	5.43	2007 .....	8.59
2000 .....	5.91	2008 .....	8.26
2001 .....	6.00		

Source: Council of Mortgage Lenders

House prices and incomes vary throughout England, Wales and Scotland. The table below summarises the average house price and the average income for each region for the year ended 31 December 2008 in order to produce a house price to earnings ratio for each region.

Regions	Average earnings (£ per annum)*	House Price (£)**	Price/earnings ratio
North .....	43,304	161,325	3.73
North West.....	46,030	175,054	3.80
Yorkshire & Humberside .....	45,051	173,158	3.84
East Midlands .....	45,610	177,025	3.88
West Midlands .....	46,125	185,260	4.02
East Anglia .....	49,845	210,971	4.23
London .....	81,681	351,494	4.30
South East.....	62,238	279,730	4.49
South West.....	52,201	230,085	4.41
Wales .....	44,385	169,948	3.83
Scotland .....	45,088	168,593	3.74

\* Average recorded income of borrowers.

\*\* Simple average house price.

Source: [www.communities.gov.uk/documents/housing/xls/141281.xls](http://www.communities.gov.uk/documents/housing/xls/141281.xls)

## House price index

UK residential property prices, as measured by the Nationwide House Price Index and Halifax Price Index (collectively the **Housing Indices**), have generally followed the UK Retail Price Index over an extended period. (Nationwide is a UK building society and "Halifax" is a brand name of Bank of Scotland, a UK bank.)

The UK housing market has been through various economic cycles in the recent past, with year-to-year increases in the Housing Indices occurring in the late 1980s and the mid 1990s through to mid 2007 and decreases occurring in the early 1990s and mid 2007 through to the date of these Final Terms.

Quarter	Retail Price Index		Nationwide House Price Index		Halifax House Price Index	
	Index	% annual change	Index	% annual change	Index	% annual change
	March 1988.....	103.7	3.3	90.0	9.8	167.0
June 1988.....	106.2	4.1	97.6	12.9	179.4	20.1
September 1988 .....	107.7	5.3	108.4	20.2	197.4	26.5
December 1988 .....	109.9	6.3	114.2	25.5	211.8	29.3
March 1989.....	111.7	7.4	118.8	27.8	220.7	27.9
June 1989.....	114.9	7.9	124.2	24.1	226.1	23.1
September 1989 .....	116.0	7.4	125.2	14.4	225.5	13.3

Quarter	Retail Price Index		Nationwide House Price Index		Halifax House Price Index	
	Index	% annual change	Index	% annual change	Index	% annual change
December 1989 .....	118.3	7.4	122.7	7.2	222.5	4.9
March 1990.....	120.4	7.5	118.9	0.1	223.7	1.4
June 1990.....	126.0	9.2	117.7	(5.4)	223.3	(1.2)
September 1990 .....	128.1	9.9	114.2	(9.2)	222.7	(1.2)
December 1990 .....	130.1	9.5	109.6	(11.3)	223.0	0.2
March 1991.....	130.8	8.3	108.8	(8.9)	223.1	(0.3)
June 1991.....	133.6	5.9	110.6	(6.3)	221.9	(0.6)
September 1991 .....	134.2	4.7	109.5	(4.2)	219.5	(1.4)
December 1991 .....	135.5	4.1	107.0	(2.4)	217.7	(2.4)
March 1992.....	136.2	4.0	104.1	(4.4)	213.2	(4.5)
June 1992.....	139.1	4.0	105.1	(5.1)	208.8	(6.1)
September 1992 .....	139.0	3.5	104.2	(5.0)	206.9	(5.9)
December 1992 .....	139.6	3.0	100.1	(6.7)	199.5	(8.7)
March 1993.....	138.7	1.8	100.0	(4.0)	199.6	(6.6)
June 1993.....	140.9	1.3	103.6	(1.4)	201.7	(3.5)
September 1993 .....	141.3	1.6	103.2	(1.0)	202.6	(2.1)
December 1993 .....	141.8	1.6	101.8	1.7	203.5	2.0
March 1994.....	142.0	2.4	102.4	2.4	204.6	2.5
June 1994.....	144.5	2.5	102.5	(1.1)	202.9	0.6
September 1994 .....	144.6	2.3	103.2	0.0	202.7	0.0
December 1994 .....	145.5	2.6	104.0	2.1	201.9	(0.8)
March 1995.....	146.8	3.3	101.9	(0.5)	201.8	(1.4)
June 1995.....	149.5	3.4	103.0	0.5	199.3	(1.8)
September 1995 .....	149.9	3.6	102.4	(0.8)	197.8	(2.4)
December 1995 .....	150.1	3.1	101.6	(2.3)	199.2	(1.3)
March 1996.....	150.9	2.8	102.5	0.6	202.1	0.1
June 1996.....	152.8	2.2	105.8	2.7	206.7	3.6
September 1996 .....	153.1	2.1	107.7	5.1	208.8	5.4
December 1996 .....	154.0	2.6	110.1	8.0	213.9	7.1
March 1997.....	154.9	2.6	111.3	8.3	216.7	7.0
June 1997.....	156.9	2.6	116.5	9.6	220.2	6.3
September 1997 .....	158.4	3.4	121.2	11.8	222.6	6.4
December 1997 .....	159.7	3.6	123.3	11.4	225.4	5.2
March 1998.....	160.2	3.4	125.5	12.0	228.4	5.3
June 1998.....	163.2	3.9	130.1	11.0	232.1	5.3
September 1998 .....	163.7	3.3	132.4	8.8	234.8	5.3
December 1998 .....	164.4	2.9	132.3	7.0	237.2	5.1
March 1999.....	163.7	2.2	134.6	7.0	238.6	4.4
June 1999.....	165.5	1.4	139.7	7.1	245.5	5.6
September 1999 .....	165.6	1.2	144.4	8.6	255.5	8.4
December 1999 .....	166.8	1.4	148.9	11.8	264.1	10.7
March 2000.....	167.5	2.3	155.0	14.1	273.1	13.5
June 2000.....	170.6	3.0	162.0	14.8	272.8	10.5
September 2000 .....	170.9	3.2	161.5	11.2	275.9	7.7
December 2000 .....	172.0	3.1	162.8	9.0	278.6	5.3
March 2001.....	171.8	2.5	167.5	7.8	281.7	3.1
June 2001.....	173.9	1.9	174.8	7.6	293.2	7.2
September 2001 .....	174.0	1.8	181.6	11.8	302.4	9.2
December 2001 .....	173.8	1.0	184.6	12.5	311.8	11.3

Quarter	Retail Price Index		Nationwide House Price Index		Halifax House Price Index	
	Index	%	Index	%	Index	%
		annual change		annual change		annual change
March 2002.....	173.9	1.2	190.2	12.7	327.3	15.0
June 2002.....	176.0	1.2	206.5	16.6	343.7	15.9
September 2002.....	176.6	1.5	221.1	19.7	366.1	19.1
December 2002.....	178.2	2.5	231.3	22.6	392.1	22.9
March 2003.....	179.2	3.0	239.3	22.9	403.8	21.0
June 2003.....	181.3	3.0	250.1	19.2	419.0	19.8
September 2003.....	181.8	2.9	258.9	15.8	434.5	17.1
December 2003.....	182.9	2.6	267.1	14.4	455.3	14.9
March 2004.....	183.8	2.5	277.3	14.8	480.3	17.3
June 2004.....	186.3	2.7	296.2	16.9	508.4	19.3
September 2004.....	187.4	3.0	306.2	16.8	522.0	18.3
December 2004.....	189.2	3.4	304.1	13.0	523.5	14.0
March 2005.....	189.7	3.2	304.8	9.4	526.9	9.3
June 2005.....	191.9	3.0	314.2	5.9	526.8	3.6
September 2005.....	192.6	2.7	314.4	2.7	537.7	3.0
December 2005.....	193.7	2.4	314.0	3.2	550.3	5.0
March 2006.....	194.2	2.3	319.8	4.8	560.4	6.2
June 2006.....	197.6	2.9	329.2	4.7	574.9	8.7
September 2006.....	199.3	3.4	336.1	6.6	581.7	7.9
December 2006.....	201.4	3.9	343.2	8.9	606.0	9.6
March 2007.....	203.0	4.4	350.2	9.1	623.5	10.7
June 2007.....	206.3	4.3	362.7	9.7	639.4	10.6
September 2007.....	207.1	3.8	367.3	8.9	646.5	10.6
December 2007.....	209.8	4.1	367.0	6.7	638.8	5.3
March 2008.....	211.1	3.9	357.8	2.1	630.0	1.0
June 2008.....	215.3	4.3	348.1	(4.1)	597.9	(6.8)
September 2008.....	217.4	4.9	329.5	(10.9)	564.6	(13.5)
December 2008.....	215.5	2.7	312.9	(16.0)	534.3	(17.9)
March 2009.....	210.9	(0.1)	298.7	(18.1)	517.9	(19.6)
June 2009.....	212.6	(1.3)	307.3	(12.5)	507.9	(16.3)

Source: Office for National Statistics, Nationwide Building Society and HBOS plc, respectively.

The percentage annual change in the table above is calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$LN(x/y)$  where  $x$  is equal to the current quarter's index value and  $y$  is equal to the index value of the previous year's corresponding quarter.

All information contained in these Final Terms in respect of the Nationwide House Price Index has been reproduced from information published by Nationwide Building Society. All information contained in these Final Terms in respect of the Halifax House Price Index has been reproduced from information published by HBOS plc. The issuing entity confirms that all information in these Final Terms in respect of the Nationwide House Price Index and the Halifax House Price Index has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by Nationwide Building Society and HBOS plc, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

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### Static Pool Data

This annex sets out, to the extent material, certain static pool information with respect to the loans in the mortgages trust.

One of the characteristics of the mortgages trust is that the seller is able to sell more loans to the mortgages trustee over time, whether in connection with an issuance of notes by the issuing entity, any new Funding 2 issuing entity or any Funding 1 issuing entity or in order to maintain the minimum seller share. To aid in understanding changes to the mortgages trust over time, the following table sets out information relating to each sale of loans by the seller to the mortgages trustee pursuant to the mortgage sale agreement.

<u>Date</u>	<u>Balance of loans substituted or sold</u>	<u>Number of loans substituted or sold</u>	<u>In connection with previous issue by</u>
June 2002.....	£10,117,255,819	173,505	Permanent Financing (No. 1) PLC (in liquidation)
November 2002.....	£898,016,408	16,209	N/A
January 2003.....	£894,475,758	16,835	N/A
March 2003.....	£10,538,839,220	186,140	Permanent Financing (No. 2) PLC
June 2003.....	£1,576,963,369	25,652	N/A
September 2003.....	£1,688,468,552	23,426	N/A
October 2003.....	£2,735,667,398	37,770	N/A
January 2004.....	£2,670,143,154	35,418	N/A
March 2004.....	£9,376,972,811	134,716	Permanent Financing (No. 4) PLC
July 2004.....	£3,698,396,657	48,652	N/A
November 2004.....	£9,582,315,930	104,569	Permanent Financing (No. 6) PLC
March 2005.....	£6,625,343,617	70,542	Permanent Financing (No. 7) PLC
June 2005.....	£9,483,670,772	101,317	Permanent Financing (No. 8) PLC
December 2005.....	£5,786,749,656	65,460	N/A
March 2006.....	£9,637,574,095	101,599	Permanent Financing (No. 9) PLC
October 2006.....	£8,838,288,141	86,769	Permanent Master Issuer 2006-1 Notes
December 2006.....	£6,373,073,080	60,773	N/A
July 2007.....	£5,691,369,649	51,310	N/A
November 2007.....	£8,686,106,961	70,107	N/A
April 2008.....	£5,919,444,424	45,479	N/A
January 2009.....	£2,997,445,751	23,102	N/A
September 2009	£5,004,406,381	43,970	N/A

The sale of new loans by the seller to the mortgages trustee is subject to conditions, including ones required by the rating agencies, designed to maintain certain credit-related and other characteristics of the mortgages trust. These include limits on loans in arrears in the mortgages trust at the time of sale, limits on the aggregate balance of loans sold, limits on changes in the weighted average foreclosure frequency (**WAFF**) and the weighted average loss severity (**WALS**), minimum yield for the loans in the mortgages trust after the sale, the Fitch portfolio tests and maximum LTV for the loans in the mortgages trust after the sale. See a description of these conditions in “**Sale of the loans and their related security — Sale of loans and their related security to the mortgages trustee on the sale dates**” in the base prospectus.

The following tables show, for each of the last five years of origination, the distribution of loans in the mortgages trust originated in that year by delinquency category as at each year-end starting in 2004, when the mortgages trust was established.

## Portfolio arrears by year of origination

### Loans originated in 2004 as at each specified date

	31 December 2004				31 December 2005				31 December 2006				31 December 2007			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....	47,273	£4,349,384,125.53	98.97%	98.86%	144,025	£13,394,350,935.59	98.11%	97.88%	115,054	£9,985,105,548.39	97.38%	96.78%	81,120	£6,695,420,553.31	96.57%	95.52%
1 - < 2 months.....	415	£41,574,042.02	0.87%	0.94%	1,613	£166,716,327.95	1.10%	1.22%	1,414	£144,016,474.42	1.20%	1.40%	1,156	£121,264,915.31	1.38%	1.73%
2 - < 3 months.....	50	£5,904,471.66	0.10%	0.13%	520	£53,715,820.69	0.35%	0.39%	498	£51,344,871.66	0.42%	0.50%	466	£50,120,667.10	0.55%	0.72%
3 - < 6 months.....	25	£2,323,075.30	0.05%	0.05%	467	£49,782,391.43	0.32%	0.36%	675	£75,827,301.02	0.57%	0.73%	626	£66,783,120.37	0.75%	0.95%
6 - < 12 months.....	3	£385,070.08	0.01%	0.01%	161	£18,535,619.02	0.11%	0.14%	418	£47,464,625.75	0.35%	0.46%	432	£49,160,319.50	0.51%	0.70%
12+ months.....	1	£5,645.80	0.00%	0.00%	11	£1,389,217.86	0.01%	0.01%	94	£14,012,620.43	0.08%	0.14%	203	£26,900,590.08	0.24%	0.38%
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>47,767</b>	<b>£4,399,576,430.39</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>146,797</b>	<b>£13,684,490,312.54</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>118,153</b>	<b>£10,317,771,441.67</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>84,003</b>	<b>£7,009,650,165.67</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

31 December 2008				
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....	68,816	£5,550,802,878.51	96.02%	94.59%
1 - < 2 months.....	1,069	£110,140,326.70	1.49%	1.88%
2 - < 3 months.....	470	£50,991,741.77	0.66%	0.87%
3 - < 6 months.....	607	£67,525,623.04	0.85%	1.15%
6 - < 12 months.....	507	£62,573,391.82	0.71%	1.07%
12+ months.....	200	£26,291,078.66	0.28%	0.45%
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>71,669</b>	<b>£5,868,325,040.50</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## Loans originated in 2005 as at each specified date

	31 December 2004				31 December 2005				31 December 2006				31 December 2007			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....					41,324	£3,853,299,928.89	98.93%	98.73%	117,402	£11,777,961,985.89	98.79%	98.67%	71,349	£6,743,950,599.09	97.23%	96.70%
1 – < 2 months .....					333	£36,743,353.97	0.80%	0.94%	767	£84,525,416.88	0.65%	0.71%	892	£100,267,637.68	1.22%	1.44%
2 – < 3 months .....					65	£6,592,397.35	0.16%	0.17%	231	£23,516,928.73	0.19%	0.20%	502	£60,500,157.75	0.52%	0.56%
3 – < 6 months .....					45	£5,764,591.80	0.11%	0.15%	277	£30,603,318.38	0.23%	0.26%	415	£46,175,852.00	0.57%	0.66%
6 – < 12 months .....					6	£549,023.66	0.01%	0.01%	139	£16,491,054.25	0.12%	0.14%	288	£33,976,110.71	0.39%	0.49%
12+ months .....									27	£3,886,124.87	0.02%	0.03%	82	£10,607,617.36	0.11%	0.15%
<b>Total .....</b>					<b>41,773</b>	<b>£3,902,949,295.67</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>118,843</b>	<b>£11,936,984,829.00</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>73,380</b>	<b>£6,974,148,900.95</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

  

	31 December 2008			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....	54,037	£4,840,202,563.35	96.04%	94.95%
1 – < 2 months .....	783	£85,996,465.96	1.39%	1.69%
2 – < 3 months .....	338	£39,076,709.13	0.60%	0.77%
3 – < 6 months .....	510	£60,226,760.13	0.91%	1.18%
6 – < 12 months .....	438	£51,847,367.15	0.78%	1.02%
12+ months .....	159	£20,441,642.37	0.28%	0.40%
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>56,265</b>	<b>£5,097,791,508.09</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

## Loans originated in 2006 as at each specified date

	31 December 2004				31 December 2005				31 December 2006				31 December 2007			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....									73,306	£8,195,375,388.54	99.66%	99.67%	95,117	£10,733,351,277.61	99.12%	99.07%
1 - < 2 months.....									25	£2,816,012.64	0.03%	0.03%	502	£60,500,157.75	0.52%	0.56%
2 - < 3 months.....									25	£2,816,012.64	0.03%	0.03%	128	£15,580,802.96	0.13%	0.14%
3 - < 6 months.....									15	£1,413,844.40	0.02%	0.02%	150	£16,529,281.60	0.16%	0.15%
6 - < 12 months.....									-	-	-	-	58	£6,940,263.24	0.06%	0.06%
12+ months.....									-	-	-	-	5	£1,114,643.27	0.01%	0.01%
<b>Total .....</b>									<b>73,554</b>	<b>£8,222,454,279.66</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>95,960</b>	<b>£10,834,016,426.43</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

	31 December 2008			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....	59,552	£6,271,601,231.58	97.49%	97.16%
1 - < 2 months.....	706	£84,204,495.45	1.16%	1.30%
2 - < 3 months.....	258	£31,101,645.89	0.42%	0.48%
3 - < 6 months.....	299	£35,602,585.18	0.49%	0.55%
6 - < 12 months.....	224	£26,689,519.08	0.37%	0.41%
12+ months.....	49	£5,781,581.03	0.08%	0.09%
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>61,088</b>	<b>£6,454,981,058.21</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

**Loans originated in 2007  
as at each specified date**

	31 December 2004				31 December 2005				31 December 2006				31 December 2007			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....													49,637	£6,671,230,039.34	99.46%	99.47%
1 - < 2 months.....													204	£28,036,008.75	0.41%	0.42%
2 - < 3 months.....													46	£5,857,038.49	0.09%	0.09%
3 - < 6 months.....													19	£1,826,236.28	0.04%	0.03%
6 - < 12 months.....													1	£51,545.27	0.00%	0.00%
12+ months.....																
<b>Total .....</b>													<b>49,907</b>	<b>£6,707,000,868.10</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

	31 December 2008			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....	69,932	£9,426,481,992.77	98.54%	98.48%
1 - < 2 months.....	580	£81,680,656.44	0.82%	0.85%
2 - < 3 months.....	166	£22,367,569.93	0.23%	0.23%
3 - < 6 months.....	189	£28,091,104.81	0.27%	0.29%
6 - < 12 months.....	93	£11,933,498.47	0.13%	0.12%
12+ months.....	9	£1,848,278.96	0.01%	0.02%
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>70,969</b>	<b>£9,572,403,101.38</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

**Loans originated in 2008  
as at each specified date**

	31 December 2004				31 December 2005				31 December 2006				31 December 2007			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....																
1 - < 2 months.....																
2 - < 3 months.....																
3 - < 6 months.....																
6 - < 12 months.....																
12+ months.....																
<b>Total .....</b>																
	<b>31 December 2008</b>															
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance												
< 1 month .....	3,982	£537,263,387.00	98.39%	98.18%												
1 - < 2 months.....	42	£6,773,637.63	1.04%	1.24%												
2 - < 3 months.....	9	£1,213,738.64	0.22%	0.22%												
3 - < 6 months.....	12	£1,724,138.00	0.30%	0.32%												
6 - < 12 months.....	2	£234,712.46	0.05%	0.04%												
12+ months.....																
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>4,047</b>	<b>£547,209,613.73</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>												

**All loans in the mortgages trust  
as at each specified date**

	31 December 2004				31 December 2005				31 December 2006				31 December 2007			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....	488,649	£31,368,892,016.92	98.59%	98.37%	557,786	£39,181,203,470.58	97.98%	97.46%	618,083	£47,445,892,789.31	98.24%	97.86%	551,598	£44,556,244,768.94	97.90%	97.50%
1 - < 2 months.....	4,652	£360,290,493.80	0.94%	1.13%	6,287	£558,426,731.49	1.10%	1.39%	5,138	£463,210,363.13	0.82%	0.96%	5,278	£505,757,502.62	0.94%	1.11%
2 - < 3 months.....	965	£70,122,158.39	0.19%	0.22%	1,896	£169,271,228.32	0.33%	0.42%	1,678	£151,249,768.79	0.27%	0.31%	1,902	£183,445,192.91	0.34%	0.40%
3 - < 6 months.....	942	£62,444,502.74	0.19%	0.20%	2,109	£185,240,926.43	0.37%	0.46%	2,256	£217,181,379.81	0.36%	0.45%	2,335	£218,802,589.38	0.41%	0.48%
6 - < 12 months.....	368	£24,281,457.21	0.07%	0.08%	1,018	£92,804,452.17	0.18%	0.23%	1,521	£149,064,273.65	0.24%	0.31%	1,647	£162,713,477.08	0.29%	0.36%
12+ months.....	58	£3,091,608.81	0.01%	0.01%	214	£15,933,376.31	0.04%	0.04%	511	£56,123,962.66	0.08%	0.12%	663	£72,830,463.34	0.12%	0.16%
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>495,634</b>	<b>£31,889,122,237.87</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>569,310</b>	<b>£40,202,880,185.30</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>629,187</b>	<b>£48,482,722,537.35</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>563,423</b>	<b>£45,699,793,994.27</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

  

	31 December 2008			
	Number	Principal balance	% by number	% by balance
< 1 month .....	466,416	£37,224,032,569.02	97.19%	96.42%
1 - < 2 months.....	5,559	£549,662,047.43	1.16%	1.42%
2 - < 3 months.....	2,151	£220,796,709.79	0.45%	0.57%
3 - < 6 months.....	2,833	£294,194,575.89	0.59%	0.76%
6 - < 12 months.....	2,137	£227,390,850.24	0.45%	0.59%
12+ months.....	803	£89,085,851.36	0.17%	0.23%
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>479,899</b>	<b>£38,605,162,603.73</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

**Listing and admission to trading application**

These Final Terms comprise the Final Terms required for issue and admission to listing on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and admission to trading on the London Stock Exchange's Regulated Market pursuant to the Mortgage Backed Note Programme of Permanent Master Issuer plc.

**Responsibility**

The issuing entity accepts responsibility for the information contained in these Final Terms.

Signed on behalf of the issuing entity:

By:



*Duly authorised*

per pro SFM Directors Limited  
as Director